

# NMAC RULES

## STATE PERSONNEL BOARD



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**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 1           GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**1.7.1.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.1.1 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.1, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.1.2 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.2, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Sections 10-9-3, 10-9-7, 10-9-10, 10-9-12 through 10-9-14 and  
Section 14-2-1 NMSA 1978.  
[1.7.1.3 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.3, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.1.4 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.4, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 1, 2020 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.1.5 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.5, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 1 of Chapter 7 is: to define words and phrases used  
throughout Chapter 7, to cite provisions pertaining to different Parts of Chapter 7, to require maintenance of  
employment records, and to detail provisions that do not warrant a separate Part.  
[1.7.1.6 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.6, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.7           DEFINITIONS:**

**A.           “Anniversary date”** means the date of hire or reemployment and is changed as of the date of  
promotion, demotion, reduction, or transfer. The assignment of an employee to a new classification which best  
represents the job performed by the employee does not affect the employee’s anniversary date. The State Personnel  
Office (SPO) Director shall resolve disputes over how an anniversary date is derived.

**B.           “Applicant”** means any person, who has applied for a position in the classified service.

**C.           “Appointment”** means the assumption of job duties by a candidate who was offered and then  
accepted a classified position in a state agency.

**D.           “Audit”** means an examination or inspection of an agency’s personnel and human resources  
functions and activities, including but not limited to personnel transactions, recruitment, leave administration,  
collective bargaining agreement administration, and completion of personnel evaluations.

**E.           “Break in employment”** means any period of time of at least one workday of not being in the  
classified service.

**F.           “Candidate”** means any applicant who is on the employment list for a position.

**G.           “Classified service”** means all positions in the executive branch of state government which are  
not exempt by law.

**H.           “Classification”** means a job that is occupationally and quantifiably distinct.

**I.           “Compa-ratio”** means pay expressed as a percentage of the midpoint of a pay band.

**J.           “Demotion”** means an involuntary downward change for disciplinary reasons with a reduction in  
pay within an employee’s pay band or from a classified position in one pay band to a classified position in a lower  
pay band with a reduction in pay, and/or removal of supervisory responsibilities and pay for disciplinary reasons.

**K.           “Disciplinary action”** means any action taken by an agency to influence change in an employee’s  
performance or behavior to the expected standard, including suspensions, demotions and dismissals.

**L.           “Dismissal”** means the involuntary separation from employment.

**M.           “Diversity in the workplace”** means an acknowledgment of all people in the workplace equally,  
regardless of their differences. Agencies’ management of diversity will ensure that efforts are made to adapt to and  
accept the importance of all individuals who fall within a group identified for protection under equal employment  
laws and regulations.

**N.           “Domestic partner”** means two individuals who have shared a common, primary residence for at  
least 12 consecutive months, sign an affidavit of domestic partnership, and meet all of the following criteria:

- (1) Both domestic partners must be unmarried.

(2) Domestic partners must have been in a mutually exclusive relationship, intending to do so indefinitely, and the relationship is similar to a marriage relationship in the State of New Mexico.

(3) Domestic partners must meet the age requirements for marriage in New Mexico (18 years of age) and be mentally competent to consent to contract.

(4) Domestic partners must not be related by blood to the degree prohibited in a legal marriage in the State of New Mexico.

(5) Domestic partners must be jointly responsible for the common welfare of each other and share financial obligations.

(6) Domestic partner must not be a member of another domestic partnership; nor have been so during the past 12 months. If domestic partnership dissolves and the same two people want to become partners again, they must once again meet the 12-month requirements.

(7) Domestic partners must provide proof of one of the following: joint mortgage or lease; joint ownership of a motor vehicle; joint bank account; joint credit account; domestic partner named as beneficiary of life insurance; domestic partner named as beneficiary of retirement benefits; domestic partner named as primary beneficiary in the employee's will; domestic partner assigned durable property or health care power of attorney; or documentation of sharing of household expenses by both partners.

**O. "Employment list"** the list of names of candidates referred to a hiring manager by the agency's Human Resources, from which a candidate may be selected for an interview, and from which a candidate may be selected for appointment.

**P. "Employment records"** means documents that contain information related to a person's employment or application for employment.

**Q. "Examination"** means assessment of qualifications, knowledge, skills, and abilities of an applicant.

**R. "Exempt service"** means all positions in the executive branch of state government exempt from the classified service by law.

**S. "Filed"** means received by the office.

**T. "Involuntary separation"** means involuntary removal of an employee from the classified service without prejudice as provided for in 1.7.10.13 NMAC.

**U. "Line authority"** means the assignment of activities or approval authority by the SPO Director to State Personnel Office staff or an agency in a manner that does not relinquish the SPO Director's administrative oversight or authority.

**V. "Manager"** means an employee in a position that manages internal staff or external staff, or who plans, organizes, integrates, coordinates, and controls the activities of others. A manager also is held accountable for the performance of people, services, systems, programs, projects and resources and can change their direction, objectives and assignments to meet performance and business needs.

**W. "Midpoint"** means the salary midway between the minimum and maximum pay rates of a pay band for positions in the classified service. Midpoint represents a compa-ratio value of 1.00 or one hundred percent.

**X. "Minimum qualifications"** means requirements approved by the board that must be met to be considered for a position.

**Y. "Office"** means the State Personnel Office.

**Z. "Pay band"** means the range of pay rates, from minimum to maximum.

**AA. "Promotion"** means the change of an employee from a classified position in one pay band to a classified position in a higher pay band.

**BB. "Reduction"** means a voluntary change without prejudice, within an employee's pay band, or from a classified position in one pay band to a classified position in a lower pay band.

**CC. "Relation by blood or marriage within the third degree"** includes spouse, domestic partner, parent, mother-in-law, father-in-law, step-parent, children, domestic partner children, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, step-child, brother, step-brother, brother-in-law, sister, step-sister, sister-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, great-grandchild, and great-grandparent.

**DD. "Resignation"** means the voluntary separation of an employee from the classified service.

**EE. "Rules"** means the rules and regulations of the personnel board.

**FF. "Service of Notice"** shall be complete on the date the notice is mailed via certified mail to the address of record, delivered to a courier for delivery to the address of record, or hand delivered.

**GG. "Signature"** means handwritten or electronic signature(s), provided that the mechanism for electronic signatures is approved for use by the SPO Director, provides for authentication, and otherwise complies with the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, Sections 14-16-1 to 21 NMSA 1978.

**HH.** “Status” means all of the rights and privileges of an appointment.

**II.** “Supervisor” means an employee in a non-manager classification who devotes a substantial amount of work time to supervisory duties, regularly directs the work of other employees and has the authority in the interest of the employer to hire, promote, evaluate the performance of, or discipline other employees or to recommend such actions effectively, but does not include an individual who performs merely routine, incidental or clerical duties, or who occasionally assumes supervisory or directory roles or whose duties are substantially similar to those of subordinates, and does not include lead employees, employees who participate in peer review or occasional employee evaluation programs.

**JJ.** “Suspension” means an involuntary leave of absence without pay for disciplinary reasons for a period not to exceed 30 calendar days.

**KK.** “Transfer” means the movement of an employee from one position to another in the same pay band without a break in employment.

**LL.** “Without prejudice” means a declaration that no rights or privileges of the employee concerned are waived or lost except as may be expressly conceded or decided.

**MM.** “Writing or written” means in the written form and/or an alternative format, where deemed appropriate, and when requested, including electronic records that comply with the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, Sections 14-16-1 to 21 NMSA 1978.

[1.7.1.7 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.7, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.1.8 APPROVAL AUTHORITY:**

**A.** Pursuant to the provision of Subsection A of Section 10-9-12 NMSA 1978, the SPO Director shall supervise all administrative and technical personnel activities of the state. The SPO Director may audit the administrative and technical personnel activities of the state. The SPO Director shall submit any findings of non-compliance with these rules to the board.

**B.** If it is established that an agency has violated the rules, an applicable collective bargaining agreement in place with the state, or the agency’s policies, and the agency is given adequate opportunity to correct violations and fails to do so, the SPO Director may suspend the agency’s line authority or right to approve personnel actions, to approve employment lists, to advertise employment positions, to negotiate with or to make agreements with exclusive bargaining representatives, or to perform any activities related to the agency’s violations and require SPO Director approval until the SPO Director rescinds the suspension.

**C.** The SPO Director reserves the right to assign line authority under these rules so long as such line authority maintains the SPO Director’s administrative oversight and authority.

**D.** The SPO Director shall establish criteria governing the requirements which must be met to achieve and maintain line authority status.

**E.** The SPO Director may modify or withdraw line authority status.

[1.7.1.8 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.8, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.1.9 INTERPRETATIONS:** The board shall establish a procedure for the issuance of interpretations of these Rules.

[1.7.1.9 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.9, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.10 METHOD OF SERVING NOTICE:** Any notice required of an agency by these rules, except for 1.7.13 NMAC, shall be delivered by a method that provides proof of service or attempted service.

[1.7.1.10 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.10, 1/1/2020]

#### **1.7.1.11 COMPUTATION OF TIME:**

**A.** In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these rules, the day from which period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last calendar day of the time period shall be included in the computation unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which a legal holiday is observed. In such a case, the period of time runs to the close of business on the next regular workday. If the period is less than 11 days, a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday is excluded from the computation.

**B.** Whenever an employee is permitted or required by these rules to respond or do some other act within a prescribed period after service of notice by certified mail or courier, three calendar days shall be added to the prescribed period.

[1.7.1.11 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.11, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/25]

**1.7.1.12 EMPLOYMENT RECORDS:**

**A.** Agencies shall maintain a record of each employee’s employment history in accordance with operational necessity and applicable state and federal law requirements. Employees shall have access to review their own file. Employment-related confidential records shall be available for inspection by agencies during the process of interviewing for employment when the employee has provided a signed release. No materials shall be placed in an employee’s employment history without providing the employee with a copy. Employees may submit written rebuttal to any material placed in their employment history. Agencies shall transfer the complete record of an employee’s employment history upon inter-agency transfer.

**B.** Employment records, except confidential records, are subject to inspection by the general public. Confidential records may be inspected with the written permission of the employee or pursuant to a lawful court order or subpoena.

**C.** For the purpose of inspection of public records under Subsection B of 1.7.1.12 NMAC, the following material shall be regarded as confidential and exempted from public inspection: records and documentation pertaining to physical or mental illness, injury or examinations, sick leave and medical treatment of persons; records and documentation maintained for purposes of the Americans with Disabilities Act [42 U.S.C. Section 12010 et seq.]; letters of reference concerning employment, licensing, or permits; records and documentation containing matters of opinion; interview notes; documents concerning infractions and disciplinary actions; performance appraisals; opinions as to whether a person should be re-employed; college transcripts; military discharge; information on the race, color, religion, sex, national origin, political affiliation, age, and disability of employees; home address and personal telephone number unless related to public business; social security number; laboratory reports or test results generated according to the provisions of 1.7.8 NMAC; and as otherwise provided by state or federal law.

[1.7.1.12 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.12, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.13 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS:** Any settlement agreement reached by an agency and an employee to resolve a matter between them, that incorporates provisions covered by these rules, must conform to the provisions of these rules, unless otherwise approved by the SPO Director. If a potential offer of settlement relates to a personnel action covered by these rules, including, but not limited to, disciplinary appeals or grievance arbitrations, an agency must secure approval from the SPO Director prior to extending the offer. If in the judgment of the SPO Director, the offer of settlement is in the best interest of the state, the SPO Director may authorize the agency to extend the offer of settlement to the employee. If such settlement also involves payment of monies by an agency, joint approval of the cabinet secretary of the department of finance and administration signifying budget availability and the SPO Director is required.

[1.7.1.13 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.13, 7/7/2001, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.1.14 AGENCY HUMAN RESOURCE POLICIES:** Each agency shall provide a copy of their human resource policies to the office and these policies must conform to the provisions of these rules and other statutory requirements as required by law and include, among other things, policies regarding diversity in the workplace.

[1.7.1.14 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.14, 1/1/2020]

**1.7.1.15 TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT:**

**A.** The SPO Director shall establish, pursuant to direction from the board, and maintain a training and development work plan. The board will review the training and development work plan on an annual basis.

**B.** The SPO Director is authorized to prescribe mandatory training courses for classified service employees and to establish the frequency with which such courses must be completed.

[1.7.1.15 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.15, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025; A, 2/24/2026]

The SPO Director shall establish, pursuant to direction from the board, and maintain a training and development work plan. The board will review the training and development work plan on an annual basis.

[1.7.1.15 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.15, 1/1/2020; A, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.1.16 SEVERABILITY:** A determination by a court of competent jurisdiction that any provision of 1.7.1 NMAC is unconstitutional or invalid shall not adversely affect the constitutionality, validity or enforceability of the remaining provisions.

[1.7.1.16 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.1.16, 1/1/2020]

## **HISTORY OF 1.7.1 NMAC:**

### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 6/3/1981;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 7/22/1982;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 6/28/1983;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 3/7/1986;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB Rule 1, Definitions, filed 7/30/1987;  
SPB-A, Glossary, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB-A, Glossary, filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB 1, Definitions, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 1, Definitions, filed 2/10/1994;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 6/3/1981;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 7/22/1982;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 6/28/1983;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 3/7/1986;  
SPB Rule 2, General Provisions, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB-1, General Applicability filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB-1, General Applicability filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB-1, General Applicability filed 12/24/1991;  
SPB 2, General Provisions, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 2, General Provisions, filed 2/10/1994;  
SPB 2, General Provisions, filed 12/29/1994.

### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.1, General Provisions, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 1, filed 02/14/1994 and SPB 2, filed 12/29/1994;  
1 NMAC 7.1, General Provisions, filed 5/2/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.1, General Provisions, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.1 NMAC, General Provisions, effective 7/7/2001.

### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.1, General Provisions, filed 6/13/1997.  
1.7.1 NMAC, General Provisions, filed 6/13/1997, replaced by 1.7.1 NMAC, General Provisions, effective 1/1/2020.

**TITLE 1            GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7        STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 2            CLASSIFIED SERVICE APPOINTMENTS**

**1.7.2.1            ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.2.1 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.1, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.2            SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.2.2 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.2, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.3            STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-10(A); NMSA 1978, Sections 10-9-13(E), (J); and NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-18(A).  
[1.7.2.3 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.3, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.2.4            DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.2.4 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.4, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.5            EFFECTIVE DATE:** 07/07/01 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.2.5 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.5, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.6            OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 2 of Chapter 7 is: to describe various types of appointments in the classified service and to describe employees' rights in the classified system.  
[1.7.2.6 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.6, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.7            DEFINITIONS:**

- A.** "Career appointment" is the employment of a candidate in a position recognized by the office as permanent.
- B.** "Term appointment" is the employment of a candidate in a position created for a special project or a state or federally funded program with a designated duration.
- C.** "Temporary appointment" is the employment of a candidate in a position created for a duration of less than one year.
- D.** "Emergency appointment" is the employment of an apparently qualified applicant when an emergency condition exists and the appropriate employment list contains no available candidates.
- E.** "Convert(ed)" means the changing of an employee to a different type of status.

[1.7.2.7 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.7, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.8            PROBATION:**

- A.** A probationary period of one year is required of all employees unless otherwise provided for by these rules.
- B.** The probationary period includes all continuous employment in the classified service except temporary service.
- C.** A break in employment of at least one work day or more will require an employee to serve another probationary period upon rehire into the classified service with the exception of those employees returned to work under 1.7.10.10 or 1.7.10.14 NMAC.
- D.** Any full-time continuous leave, except for military leave, taken during the probationary period exceeding 30 calendar days shall extend the probationary period by the number of days of leave that exceeds 30 calendar days.
- E.** A probationer may have their appointment expired for non-disciplinary reasons with a minimum of 24 hours written notice without right of appeal to the board. Such employees shall be advised in writing of the reason(s) for the expiration of appointment.

[1.7.2.8 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.8, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02; A, 7-15-05]

**1.7.2.9            CAREER STATUS:** An employee in a career appointment attains career status beginning the day following the end of the probationary period required by **1.7.2.8 NMAC** unless otherwise provided for by these rules.

[1.7.2.9 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.9, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.10 TERM STATUS:** Employees in term status who complete the one year probationary period required by *1.7.2.8 NMAC* shall have all of the rights and privileges of employees in career status except that term appointments may be expired due to reduction or loss of funding or when the special project or program ends with at least 14 calendar days written notice to the employee without right of appeal to the board.  
[1.7.2.10 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.10, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.2.11 TEMPORARY STATUS:** Temporary appointments may be expired with at least 24 hours written notice to the employee without right of appeal to the board.  
[1.7.2.11 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.11, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.12 EMERGENCY APPOINTMENTS:**

**A.** An emergency appointment is the employment of an apparently qualified applicant when an emergency condition exists and there are no applicants available on an appropriate employment list.

**B.** No employee may hold an emergency appointment longer than 90 calendar days in any 12-month period.

**C.** Emergency appointments may be expired with at least 24 hours written notice to the employee without right of appeal to the board.

**D.** An employee in emergency appointment may be converted to a career, term, or temporary status if the employee: has met the established requirements or the agency certifies that the employee holds qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance and is performing to the agency's satisfaction; and there are no available candidates for the position after appropriate recruitment.

[1.7.2.12 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.12, 07/07/01]

**1.7.2.13 EXPIRATION OF APPOINTMENT:** The expiration of a term, probationary, emergency or temporary appointment shall not be considered to be a layoff within the meaning of *1.7.10.9 NMAC* or a dismissal within the meaning of *Subsection L of 1.7.1.7 NMAC*.

[1.7.2.13 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.13, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02; A, 10-15-08]

**1.7.2.14 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT:** Agencies shall require that a form be signed by all employees at the time of appointment acknowledging the terms and conditions of the appointment.

[1.7.2.14 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.2.14, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02]

**HISTORY OF 1.7.2 NMAC:**

**Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB-6, Appointment, filed 04-04-90;

SPB-6, Appointment, filed 10-19-90;

SPB 3, Classified Service Appointments, filed 12-15-92.

**History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.2, Classified Service Appointments, filed 06-13-97.

**Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.2, Classified Service Appointments, filed 01-12-96 replaced SPB 3, filed 12-15-92;

1 NMAC 7.2, Classified Service Appointments, filed 05-02-96;

1 NMAC 7.2, Classified Service Appointments, filed 06-13-97 replaced by 1.7.2 NMAC, Classified Service Appointments, effective 07/07/01.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 3           CLASSIFICATION**

**1.7.3.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.3.1 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.1, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.3.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.3.2 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.2, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.3.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-13(A).  
[1.7.3.3 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.3, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002]

**1.7.3.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.3.4 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.4, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.3.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** 7/7/2001 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.3.5 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.5, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.3.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 3 of Chapter 7 is: to provide for a uniform and flexible system for the classification of state positions that supports the mission of state agencies, is adaptable to change, ensures that all positions are assigned to their appropriate classification, and sets forth a process for implementing classification studies.  
[1.7.3.6 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.6, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002]

**1.7.3.7           DEFINITIONS: “Classification plan”** means a document developed by the State Personnel Office (SPO) director and approved annually by the board, that describes the board’s classification philosophy and is the foundation for ensuring consistent application of the philosophy.  
[1.7.3.7 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.7, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/15/2005; A, 6/15/2010; A, 2/24/2026]

**1.7.3.8           CLASSIFICATION PLAN:**

- A.** The SPO director, pursuant to direction from the board, shall establish, maintain and, in conjunction with state agencies, administer a classification plan for all positions throughout the classified service.
- B.** The board establishes a classification through the review, approval and adoption of new or revised classification descriptions.
- C.** The SPO director may authorize the deletion of unused classification descriptions and revisions to classification descriptions if the revision does not necessitate a study. The SPO shall appoint a job evaluation review committee. The SPO will provide training in the job evaluation review process. The committee shall submit recommendations to the SPO director for consideration.
- D.** The SPO director shall provide affected parties an opportunity to comment on the creation, revision, and deletion of classification descriptions prior to implementation. The SPO shall appoint a job evaluation review committee. The SPO will provide training in the job evaluation review process. The committee shall submit recommendations to the SPO director for consideration.
- E.** Agencies may request classification reviews, classification studies and/or classification re-evaluations.

[1.7.3.8 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.8, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/15/2005; A, 6/15/2010; A, 2/24/2026]

**1.7.3.9           POSITION ASSIGNMENT:**

- A.** The SPO director, in conjunction with state agencies, shall ensure that each position in the classified service is assigned to the classification that best represents the duties assigned by the employer and performed by the employee.
- B.** When a filled position is assigned a classification with a lower pay band, in accordance with the provisions Subsection A of 1.7.3.9 NMAC, the employee may elect to take a reduction in accordance with Subsection EE of 1.7.1.7 NMAC, or overfill the position in their current classification.
- C.** A position assignment decision as a result of a classification study may be appealed to the SPO director through the agency’s chain-of-command. Appeals to the SPO director must be in writing and include the

agency's analysis of the reasons for the appeal. Appeals must be submitted within 60 days of the implementation of the class study. The SPO director's decision is final and binding.

[1.7.3.9 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.9, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/15/2005; A, 12/30/2005; A, 10/15/2008; A, 2/24/2026]

**1.7.3.10 IMPLEMENTATION OF CLASSIFICATION STUDY RESULTS:** On a date determined by the SPO director, employees affected by a classification study shall be assigned to the resulting new classification which best represents the job performed without having to meet the established requirements, unless minimum qualifications are required by law.

[1.7.3.10 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.3.10, 7/7/2001; A, 7/15/2005; A, 2/24/2026]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.3 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 7/22/1982;  
SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 8/11/1982;  
SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB Rule 8, Classification, filed 7/30/1987;  
SPB 7, Classification, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB 7, Classification, filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB 5, Classification, filed 12/15/1992.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.3, Classification, filed 6/13/1997.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.4, Classification, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 5, filed 12/15/1992;  
1 NMAC 7.4, Classification, filed 1/12/1996 replaced by 1 NMAC 7.4, filed 5/2/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.4, Classification, filed 5/2/1996 replaced by 1 NMAC 7.3, Classification, filed 6/13/1997;  
1 NMAC 7.3, Classification, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.3 NMAC, Classification, effective 7/7/2001.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 4           PAY**

**1.7.4.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.4.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.1 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.4.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.2 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Section 10-7-12 NMSA 1978, Subsection B of Section 10-9-13 NMSA 1978; and 29 U.S.C. Sections 201 to 262.  
[1.7.4.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.3 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.4.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.4 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** August 1, 2021 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.4.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.5 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 4 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a uniform system of pay administration for employees that is externally competitive and internally equitable.  
[1.7.4.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.6 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.7           DEFINITIONS:**

**A.           “Alternative pay band”** means a pay band based on current market rate for benchmark jobs in the relevant labor market(s).

**B.           “Alternative work schedule”** means a schedule that is requested by an employee and approved by the agency that deviates from the normal work schedule.

**C.           “Appropriate placement”** means those elements to be considered in determining pay upon hire, promotion, transfer or reduction including the employee’s education, experience, training, certification, licensure, internal pay equity, budgetary availability and, when known and applicable, employee performance.

**D.           “Base pay” or “base salary”** means the rate of compensation paid to an employee exclusive of benefits, temporary increases (Subsection J and K of 1.7.4.12 NMAC), pay differentials (1.7.4.13 NMAC), overtime payments (1.7.4.14 NMAC), call-back pay (1.7.4.15 NMAC), on-call pay (1.7.4.16 NMAC), holiday pay (Subsection C of 1.7.4.17 NMAC), and incentive awards (1.7.4.18 NMAC).

**E.           “Comparison market”** means an identified group of employers for which similar jobs can be recognized for the primary purpose of obtaining information that can be used to assess how competitive employee pay levels are relative to the market.

**F.           “In pay band adjustment”** means movement within a pay band for demonstrated performance, skill or competency development, or internal alignment, which allows agency management to provide base salary growth within a pay band.

**G.           “Internal alignment”** means an adjustment that addresses pay issues involving the proximity of one employee’s salary to the salaries of others in the same agency and classification who have comparable levels of training, education and experience, duties and responsibilities, performance, knowledge, skills, abilities, and competencies, and who are appropriately placed.

**H.           “Normal work schedule”** means a schedule established by the agency, defining a start and end time for the employee.

**I.           “Pay plan”** means a document developed by the State Personnel Office (SPO) director and approved annually by the board, that describes the board’s compensation philosophy and it is the foundation for ensuring consistent application of the philosophy.

**J.           “Total compensation”** means all forms of cash compensation and the dollar value of the employer-sponsored benefit.

[1.7.4.7 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.7 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025]

**1.7.4.8 PAY PLAN:**

**A.** The SPO director, pursuant to direction from the board, shall establish, maintain and, in conjunction with state agencies, administer a pay plan for all positions throughout the classified service, which shall include the pertinent factors that should be considered by managers for determining and justifying appropriate placement within a pay band.

**B.** Agencies shall develop and utilize a compensation policy that is in compliance with 1.7.4 NMAC. Agency compensation policies will be filed with, reviewed by, and approved by the SPO director. Subsequent revisions to the compensation policy shall be filed with, reviewed by, and approved by the SPO director prior to adoption of the policy.

**C.** The board shall adopt a recognized method of job evaluation to uniformly and consistently establish the value of each level.

**D.** The SPO director shall conduct an annual compensation survey that includes total compensation. The comparison market shall be comprised of private and public entities within the state of New Mexico, regional state government employers, and central, western and southwestern state government employers. The board or SPO director may authorize additional comparison markets when deemed necessary and appropriate.

**E.** Prior to the end of each calendar year, the SPO director shall submit a compensation report that includes a summary of the status of the classified pay system and the results of the annual compensation survey that includes total compensation to the board. The board shall review, adopt and submit this report to the governor and the legislative finance committee.

[1.7.4.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.8 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025]

**1.7.4.9 ASSIGNMENT OF PAY BANDS:** The SPO will conduct a market-based analysis to determine the assignment of pay bands. The SPO director shall submit the pay band assignment results to the board for consideration and adoption.

[1.7.4.9 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.9 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025; A, 2/24/2026]

**1.7.4.10 ASSIGNMENT OF ALTERNATIVE PAY BANDS:**

**A.** The SPO director shall recommend to the board the assignment of an alternative pay band(s).

**B.** Alternative pay band(s) will be utilized to address compensation related to recruitment and retention issues.

**C.** Requests for alternative pay bands must meet criteria established in the pay plan.

**D.** The board shall assign alternative pay bands based on the SPO director's report on comparison market surveys, or additional market survey information, to address critical recruitment/retention issues.

**E.** The assignments to alternative pay bands shall be reviewed annually to determine their appropriateness. The SPO director shall recommend to the board the continuation or removal of the alternative pay band assignments. The salary of affected employees shall be governed by Subsection G of 1.7.4.12 NMAC.

[1.7.4.10 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.10 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025]

**1.7.4.11 SALARY SCHEDULES:**

**A.** Based on the pay plan, the SPO director shall develop and maintain salary schedules for the classified service that shall consist of pay bands.

**B.** No employee in the classified service shall be paid a salary less than the minimum nor greater than the maximum of their designated pay band unless otherwise authorized by the SPO director, or provided for in these rules, or the employee has been transferred into the classified service by statute, executive order, or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

**C.** The SPO director, pursuant to the direction of the board, shall adjust the salary schedules to address the external competitiveness of the service or other concerns. Employees whose pay band is adjusted upward or downward shall retain their current salary. Such salary schedule adjustments may result in employees temporarily falling below the minimum or above the maximum of their pay band upon implementation.

**(1)** The pay of employees who would be above the maximum of the pay band shall not be reduced.

**(2)** The pay of employees who fall below the minimum of their pay band shall be raised to the minimum unless the SPO director confirms that the agency does not have budget availability. In these instances, agencies shall raise the pay of employees to the minimum of their pay band within six months of the effective date of the salary schedule adjustment. The SPO director may grant an extension to the six-month time period upon submission and approval of a plan by the agency to raise the pay of employees to the minimum of their pay band.

**D.** An employee's placement in the pay band will be identified by a compa-ratio value.  
[1.7.4.11 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.11 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025]

**1.7.4.12 ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALARY SCHEDULES:**

**A. Entrance salary:** Upon entrance to a classified position, a newly hired employee's salary, subject to budget availability, should reflect appropriate placement within the pay band. Any entrance salary at or above one hundred and fifteen percent compa-ratio must receive approval from the SPO director prior to hire.

**B. Legislative authorized salary increase:**

(1) Subject to specific statutory authorization for each state fiscal year, employees may be eligible for a salary increase within their assigned pay band.

(2) Employees with a salary at or above the maximum of the position's pay band shall not be eligible for an increase unless authorized by statute.

**C. Salary upon in pay band adjustment:** Agencies may increase an employee's base salary within the assigned pay band, subject to SPO director approval, budget availability and reflective of appropriate placement. In pay band adjustments may not result in the employee's base salary exceeding the maximum of the assigned pay band. When reviewing requests for in pay band adjustments the SPO director will take into consideration those instances where the requesting agency has employees with a current rate of pay that falls below the minimum of their pay band. In pay band adjustments for demonstrated performance, or skill and competency development shall be capped at ten percent per fiscal year.

**D. Salary upon promotion:** Upon promotion, an employee's salary subject to budget availability should reflect appropriate placement within the pay band. A salary increase of less than five percent shall require approval of the SPO director. A salary increase greater than ten percent per pay band increase shall require approval of the SPO director. A salary increase greater than ten percent to bring an employee's salary to the minimum of the pay band or less than five percent to prevent an employee's salary from exceeding the maximum of the pay band does not require the approval of the SPO director. The salary of a promoted employee shall be in accordance with Subsection B of 1.7.4.11 NMAC.

**E. Salary upon demotion:** Upon demotion, an employee's salary shall be decreased by no more than fifteen percent, unless a greater decrease is required to bring the salary to the maximum of the new pay band.

**F. Salary upon transfer:**

(1) Upon transfer an employee's salary, subject to budget availability and reflective of appropriate placement, may be increased or decreased by up to ten percent. The SPO director may approve a salary increase greater than ten percent due to special circumstances that are justified in writing.

(2) Employees shall be compensated, in accordance with agency policy, for all accumulated leave, other than sick, annual, or personal leave, prior to inter-agency transfer.

**G. Salary upon pay band change:** When a change of pay band is authorized in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.4.9 NMAC, 1.7.4.10 NMAC, or 1.7.4.11 NMAC the salaries of affected employees shall be determined in accordance with Subsection C of 1.7.4.11 NMAC. Employees whose pay band is adjusted upward or downward shall retain their current salary in the new pay band. Employees' salaries may be addressed through in pay band adjustment unless otherwise allowed by statute.

**H. Salary upon reduction:** The salary of employees who take a reduction may be reduced by up to fifteen percent. An employee's salary should reflect appropriate placement within the pay band. The SPO director may approve a salary reduction greater than fifteen percent due to special circumstances that are justified in writing.

**I. Salary upon return to work or reemployment:** The salary of former employees who are returned to work or re-employed in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.10.10 NMAC, 1.7.10.11 NMAC, 1.7.10.12 NMAC, or 1.7.10.14 NMAC shall not exceed the hourly rate of their base salary at the time of separation, unless a higher salary is necessary to bring the employee to the minimum of the pay band.

**J. Salary upon temporary promotion:** Pay for a temporary promotion under Subsection F of 1.7.5.12 NMAC, will be administered in accordance with Subsection D of 1.7.4.12 NMAC, except that payment of a temporary promotion increase shall be separate from the employee's base salary. The agency shall discontinue the temporary promotion increase when the temporary conditions cease to exist or at the end of the 12-month period, whichever occurs first.

**K. Temporary salary increase:** An agency may, with the approval of the SPO director, grant a temporary salary increase of an employee's base pay for a period not to exceed 1 year, from the effective date of the salary increase, for temporarily accepting and consistently performing additional duties which are characteristic of a job requiring greater responsibility/accountability or a higher valued job. The SPO director may approve temporary

salary increases above the maximum of the employee's current pay band. Payment of a temporary salary increase shall be separate from the employee's base salary. The agency shall discontinue the temporary salary increase when the temporary conditions cease to exist or at the end of the 12-month period, whichever occurs first.

**L. Salary adjustment to minimum:** An employee whose salary falls below the minimum of the pay band will be adjusted in accordance with Paragraph (2) of Subsection C of 1.7.4.11 NMAC. [1.7.4.12 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.12 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025; A, 2/24/2026]

#### **1.7.4.13 PAY DIFFERENTIALS:**

**A. Temporary recruitment differential:** The SPO director may authorize, in writing, a pay differential of up to fifteen percent of an employee's base pay to an employee who fills a position which has been documented as critical to the effective operation of the agency and has been demonstrated and documented to be a severe recruitment problem for the agency.

(1) A temporary recruitment differential authorized under this provision shall be tied to the position and may not transfer with the employee should the employee leave that position. Payment of this differential shall be separate from the employee's base salary. Agencies shall demonstrate to the office, at least biennially, the circumstances which justified the differential to determine the necessity for its continuance.

(2) A temporary recruitment differential of more than fifteen percent of an employee's base pay or that results in an employee's pay exceeding the maximum of the pay band may be authorized by the SPO director.

**B. Temporary retention differential:** The SPO director may authorize, in writing, a pay differential of up to fifteen percent of an employee's base pay to an employee in a position which the agency has documented and has been designated as critical to the effective operation of the agency and the employee's departure would disrupt the agency's ability to fulfill its mission.

(1) A temporary retention differential authorized under this provision may be approved up to one year. The agency shall demonstrate to the office, at least annually, the circumstances which justify the continuance of the differential. The agency must provide a detailed plan that outlines how they intend to resolve the problems associated with the retention difficulties. Payment of this differential shall be separate from the employee's base salary and may not transfer with the employee should the employee leave that position.

(2) A temporary retention differential of more than fifteen percent of an employee's base pay or that results in an employee's pay exceeding the maximum of the pay band may be authorized if approved by the SPO director.

**C.** The temporary recruitment differential and the temporary retention differential are separate and distinct pay differentials that are administered separately.

**D. Pay for dusk to dawn work:** Employees shall be paid, in addition to their hourly pay rate, no less than \$0.60 per hour for each hour of regularly scheduled work between 6:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.

(1) Agencies shall notify the SPO director of any change to the dusk to dawn differential or hours of eligibility.

(2) Agencies may choose not to pay the dusk to dawn differential to an employee whose alternative work schedule request results in the employee working any hours between 6:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.

**E. Multi-lingual Pay:** An agency may authorize a pay differential of \$0.35 per hour to an employee who has been assigned to perform multi-lingual duties in a facility, office or worksite where it is deemed necessary to facilitate multi-lingual communications with members of the public.

[1.7.4.13 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.13 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025; A, 2/24/2026]

#### **1.7.4.14 OVERTIME:**

**A.** Agencies are responsible for the evaluation of each employee's position and duties in order to determine their overtime status as set forth under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

**B.** Agencies shall provide documentation to employees as to the determination of their overtime status.

**C.** Employees have the right to appeal the determination of their overtime status according to the provisions of 1.7.6.13 NMAC. Agencies shall notify employees in writing of their appeal decision within 30 calendar days. The employee may file an appeal of the agency's decision to the SPO director within 30 calendar days of the agency's decision. Agencies shall notify employees that their appeal to the SPO director must be in writing and must include the reason(s) why the employee believes he or she is improperly identified for overtime coverage. The appeal must include documentation describing the work currently being performed by the employee

and any other relevant information. All information contained in the appeal shall be verified by the employing agency.

**D.** Agencies shall maintain a record on each employee containing information required by the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

**E.** Workweek is a period of time which begins at 12:01 a.m. Saturday, and ends at 12:00 midnight, the following Friday. The SPO director may approve an alternative workweek.

**F.** Time worked in excess of 40 hours during the designated workweek shall be compensated in accordance with the provision of the Fair Labor Standards Act [29 U.S.C. Sections 201 to 262] for Fair Labor Standards Act covered, non-exempt employees.

**G.** Agencies shall not change the workweek to avoid payment of overtime. A change to the scheduled work hours within the workweek shall not be considered a change to the workweek.

**H.** Agencies shall determine the need for employees to work overtime, and be responsible for authorizing overtime work.

**I.** Paid holiday leave in accordance with the provisions of Subsection A of 1.7.4.17 NMAC, annual leave taken in accordance with the provisions of Subsection F of 1.7.7.8 NMAC, and administrative leave for voting taken in accordance with the provisions of Subsection C of 1.7.7.14 NMAC shall also count as time worked in the consideration of overtime for Fair Labor Standards Act covered, non-exempt employees.

**J.** Agencies shall pay Fair Labor Standards Act covered, non-exempt employees for overtime worked unless the employee, in advance, agrees in writing to compensatory time off. Employees may accrue a maximum of 240 hours of compensatory time, unless otherwise authorized by statute and shall be paid for accrued compensatory time upon separation.

**K.** Employees not covered or exempt from the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act may be compensated for overtime if an agency's policy permits.

**L.** Any additional regular hours worked shall not be substituted for approved paid leave time during the same week additional regular hours were worked.

[1.7.4.14 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.14 NMAC, 8/1/2021; A, 07/29/2025]

#### **1.7.4.15 CALL-BACK PAY:**

**A.** Employees who are directed to return to work after completing their normal or alternative work schedule and before their next normal or alternative work schedule:

(1) shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.4.14 NMAC, if the time worked results in overtime; or:

(2) shall be paid their hourly rate, if the time worked does not result in overtime.

**B.** Agencies may establish a minimum number of hours to be paid when employees are called back in accordance with their agency policy.

[1.7.4.15 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.15 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

#### **1.7.4.16 ON-CALL PAY:**

**A.** In accordance with the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, agencies shall develop a policy to compensate employees directed to remain on-call after their normal or alternative work schedule.

**B.** Agencies shall file their on-call compensation policy with the office. Subsequent revisions to the on-call policy shall be filed with the office prior to implementation.

[1.7.4.16 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.16 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

#### **1.7.4.17 HOLIDAY PAY:**

**A.** When an authorized holiday falls on an employee's regularly scheduled workday and the employee is not required to work, the employee shall be paid at their hourly rate of pay for the number of hours they would have normally worked.

**B.** Full-time employees, whose normal work schedule does not include the day observed as a holiday, shall be entitled to time off equal to the employee's normal workday.

**C.** Employees required to work on the day a holiday is observed, shall be compensated at two and one-half times their hourly rate of pay for all hours actually worked on the holiday. Such compensation shall be in the form of straight time cash payment for all hours actually worked and additional premium compensation, at the agency's discretion, of either compensatory time off or cash payment at one and one-half times the usual hourly rate of pay for all hours actually worked.

**D.** Part-time employees whose normal work schedule does not include the day a holiday is observed shall not be compensated for the holiday.

**E.** Employees who have been charged absence without leave on the workday prior to or directly following a holiday shall not be paid for the holiday.  
[1.7.4.17 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.17 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.18 GOVERNMENT COST SAVINGS INCENTIVE AWARDS:** Agencies may provide cash awards to employees with the approval of the board in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, Section 10-7-12. The director and the secretary of the department of finance and administration shall jointly issue and administer guidelines for submitting proposed awards to the board.  
[1.7.4.18 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.18 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

**1.7.4.19 [RESERVED]**  
[1.7.4.19 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.4.19 NMAC, 8/1/2021]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.4 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 6/3/1981;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 9/2/1981;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 7/1/1982  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 8/15/1985;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 7/30/1987;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 9/4/1990;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 10/17/1990;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 12/13/1990;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 7/15/1991;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 10/11/1991;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 12/24/1991;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 6/9/1992;  
SPB-8, Pay, filed 9/10/1992;  
SPB 6, Pay, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 6, Pay, filed 2/10/1994;  
SPB 6, Pay, filed 12/1/1994;  
SPB 6, Pay, filed 9/1/1995.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.4, Pay (filed 6/13/1997) repealed 7/7/2001;  
1.7.4 NMAC, Pay (filed 6/14/2001) repealed 11/14/2002.

##### **Other History:**

SPB 6, Pay (filed 9/1/1995) was renumbered, reformatted and replaced by 1 NMAC 7.5, Pay, effective 1/31/1996.  
1 NMAC 7.5, Pay (filed 1/12/1996) was replaced by 1 NMAC 7.5, Pay, effective 5/15/1996.  
1 NMAC 7.5, Pay (filed 5/2/1996) was renumbered, amended and replaced by 1 NMAC 7.4, Pay, effective 07/01/1997.  
1 NMAC 7.4, Pay (filed 6/13/1997) was renumbered, reformatted and replaced by 1.7.4 NMAC, Pay, effective 7/7/2001.  
1.7.4 NMAC, Pay (filed 6/14/2001) was replaced by 1.7.4 NMAC, Pay, effective 11/14/2002.  
1.7.4 NMAC, Pay (filed 11/1/2002) was replaced by 1.7.4 NMAC, Pay, effective 8/1/2021.  
1.7.4 NMAC, Pay (filed 8/1/2021) was replaced by 1.7.4 NMAC, Pay, effective 7/29/2025.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 5           RECRUITMENT, ASSESSMENT, SELECTION**

**1.7.5.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.5.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.1 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.5.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.2 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Subsection A of Section 10-9-10, Subsection A of Section 10-9-12, Subsection C of Section 10-9-13, Subsection F of Section 10-9-13, Subsection I of Section 10-9-13, Section 10-9-13.2, Subsection B of Section 10-9-18, Section 10-9-22, Section 10-9-23; Section 20-4-9, NMSA 1978; Sections 24-2B-1 to 24-2B-8, NMSA 1978; and Sections 28-2-1 to 28-2-6, Section 28-10-12, NMSA 1978.  
[1.7.5.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.3 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.5.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.4 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 14, 2025 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.5.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.5 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 5 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a system for the recruitment, examination and selection of applicants for employment in the classified service.  
[1.7.5.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.6 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.7           DEFINITIONS:**

- A.           “Doublefill”** is when two employees are paid to work in the same position.
  - B.           “Open for recruitment”** means soliciting applications from the general public and state employees for vacant positions.
  - C.           “Overfill”** is when an employee is assigned to a position with a higher pay band than the position’s budgeted pay band.
  - D.           “Recruitment Waiver”** means a candidate for hire is identified through a non-competitive process in lieu of the position being posted and advertised.
  - E.           “Underfill”** is when a candidate is hired for a position that they are not fully qualified for, but who can gain the necessary skills and experience through on the job training. Once the candidate has met the minimum experience requirements, they will be promoted to the position’s actual pay band.
- [1.7.5.7 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.7 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.8           VACANT POSITIONS:**

- A.           All budgeted vacant positions to be filled shall be open for recruitment unless a recruitment waiver is authorized by the State Personnel Office (SPO) director.**
- B.           Positions in the classified service shall be filled at the assigned classification. An underfill may be approved by the SPO director. An authorized underfill may not exceed one year unless extended by the SPO director.**
- C.           The SPO director may approve a position to be doublefilled for up to one year.**
- D.           Agencies may allow part-time employees to share the same position.**

[1.7.5.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.8 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.5.9           RECRUITMENT:**

- A.           The recruitment process shall be established by the State Personnel Office in accordance with established professional techniques and relevant federal and state laws, regulations, and guidelines.**
- B.           The SPO director shall establish a means to effectively advertise and recruit for vacant positions within the classified service.**

C. Any qualified applicant shall have the opportunity to compete for vacant positions open for recruitment without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, age, or mental or physical disability unless based on a bona fide occupational requirement.

D. Agencies shall be sensitive to creating diversity in the workplace.

E. Applications shall be submitted in accordance with the SPO director-established recruitment criteria, received within the prescribed time limits and be for positions open for recruitment.

[1.7.5.9 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.9 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.5.10 APPLICATIONS:**

A. The SPO director shall establish application procedures which include, among other things, criteria that will ensure compliance with federal and/or state law. Information on gender, ethnicity, and age of applicants shall be utilized only for affirmative action and other non-discriminatory purposes.

B. The agency shall reject an application and not accept any application from the applicant if the applicant:

(1) has made any false statement or produced any false document in support of the application; or

(2) has directly or indirectly given, paid, offered, solicited, or accepted any money or other valuable consideration or secured or furnished any special or secret information for the purpose of affecting the rights or prospects of any person with respect to employment in the classified service.

[1.7.5.10 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.10 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.5.11 ASSESSMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS:**

A. Assessments shall measure critical or important knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary for successful job performance.

B. Except as provided in Subsection C of 1.7.5.11 NMAC no agency shall administer any test to an applicant or employee without the test and the test administration having been approved by the SPO director unless otherwise authorized by statute.

C. An agency may request a description or demonstration of the skill or ability needed to perform an essential job function in accordance with the *Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Section 12101 Note 29C.F.R. Part 1630.14(a) Pre-employment inquiry)*.

#### **D. Preference Points:**

(1) In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-9-13.2 NMSA 1978 and Section 20-4-9 NMSA 1978, veterans honorably discharged from the United States armed forces and applicants currently serving in the national guard shall have five points added to their final passing numerical scores on applications. Veterans honorably discharged from the United States armed forces with a service-connected disability shall have 10 points added to their final passing numerical scores on applications. A veteran with or without a service-connected disability has his/her name placed on the employment list in accordance with numerical rating of other veterans and non-veterans.

(2) In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-9-13, NMSA 1978, applicants who meet minimum qualifications shall have two preference points added for each year of residency in New Mexico, not to exceed 10 points.

[1.7.5.11 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.11 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.5.12 SELECTION:**

A. In accordance with the purpose of the *Personnel Act NMSA, Section 10-9-2*, selection shall be based solely on qualification and ability. Selection for any positions in the classified service shall be justified in writing and made from employment lists.

B. All employers subject to the Criminal Offender Employment Act. Sections 28-2-1 to 28-2-6 NMSA 1978, may take into consideration a conviction, but the conviction will not operate as an automatic bar to obtain public employment. Employer may only take into consideration a conviction after the applicant has been selected as a finalist for the position.

C. Agencies shall follow all established procedures approved by the SPO director unless otherwise provided by law.

D. Agencies shall be sensitive to creating diversity in the workplace.

E. Employment lists shall include names of ranked candidates who have made application and met the established requirements plus any candidates certified by the New Mexico department of education, division of

vocational rehabilitation, the commission for the deaf and hard of hearing, or the commission for the blind, in accordance with the provisions of Section 28-10-12, NMSA 1978.

**(1)** Agencies shall certify the names of former employees who are currently receiving temporary total or permanent partial workers' compensation benefits, resultant from an injury sustained while employed in the classified service and who apply for a position in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.10.12 NMAC.

**(2)** Agencies shall certify only the name(s) of former employees who are currently eligible for reemployment from a reduction in force per 1.7.10.10 NMAC.

**F. Temporary promotions:** Employees may be temporarily promoted for a period not to exceed 12 months to a temporary or effectively vacant position for which the agency certifies that the employee holds the qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance. At the end of the temporary promotion period, employees shall return to their former position without right of appeal.

**G. Intra-agency transfers:** An agency may transfer an employee without the employee's consent to a position in the same classification within the same geographic location as the employing agency, which is 35 miles from the boundaries of the community where the employee is employed if the established requirements state that willingness to accept a change of geographic location is a condition of employment.

**H. Exempt to career service:** Employment in the exempt service shall not count towards the probationary period required by Subsection A of 1.7.2.8 NMAC.

**I. Emergency appointments/Hires:** Emergency appointments/hires shall be made in accordance with 1.7.2.12 NMAC.

**J. Reduction:** Employees may request a classification reduction to a position for which the agency certifies that the employee holds the qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance.

**K. Physical examinations:** Agencies may require physical examinations of candidates who have been selected for a position contingent upon their meeting the prescribed physical health standards. The costs of such physical examinations shall be borne by the agency.

[1.7.5.12 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.5.12 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.5 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 6/3/1981;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 6/28/1983;  
SPB Rule 4, Applications and Tests, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB-4, Tests, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB-4, Tests, filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB 7, Recruitment, Applications, Tests, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 7, Recruitment, Applications, Tests, filed 3/18/1994.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.5, Pay, filed 6/13/1997.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.6, Recruitment, Applications, Tests, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 7, filed 3/18/1994;  
1 NMAC 7.6, Recruitment, Applications, Tests, filed 5/2/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.5, Recruitment, Applications, Selection, filed 6/13/1997 replaced 1 NMAC 7.6, filed 5/2/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.5, Recruitment, Assessment, Selection, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.5 NMAC, Recruitment, Assessment, Selection, effective 7/7/2001.  
1.7.5 NMAC, Recruitment, Assessment, Selection, filed 6/14/2001, replaced by 1.7.5 NMAC, Recruitment, Assessment, Selection, effective 1/14/2025.

**TITLE 1            GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7        STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 6            GENERAL WORKING CONDITIONS**

**1.7.6.1            ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.1 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.1, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.2            SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.2 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.2, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.3            STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Sections 10-9-1 to 10-9-25, NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-10(A), NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-13(G), NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-21, NMSA 1978, Section 12-5-2, NMSA 1978, Sections 24-2B-1 to 24-2B-8, U.S.C. Sections 1501 to 1508.  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.3 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.3, 11/30/00; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.6.4            DURATION:** Permanent.  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.4 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.4, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.5            EFFECTIVE DATE:** July 1, 1997, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.5, 7-1-97; A, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.5 NMAC - Rn & A, 1 NMAC 7.6.5, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.6            OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 6 of Chapter 7 is: to define certain acceptable activities; to prohibit certain activities and to provide legal holiday observation dates, while setting forth general working conditions for employees.  
[5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.6, 7-1-97; A, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.6 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.6, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.7            DEFINITIONS:** "Nonpartisan election" is any election for public office when the candidate's party affiliations are neither indicated nor required.  
[7-1-97; 1.7.6.7 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.7, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.8            NEPOTISM:** No agency shall permit the hiring, promotion, or direct supervision of an employee by a person who is related by blood or marriage within the third degree to the employee.  
[11-3-90...5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.10, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.8 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.8, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.9            LEGAL HOLIDAYS:** Each year, prior to December 1, the Board shall publish the dates on which legal public holidays as designated in NMSA 1978, Section 12-5-2 (Repl. Pamp. 1988) shall be observed for the next calendar year.  
[5-24-53...5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.12, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.9 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.9, 11/30/00]

**1.7.6.10          PROHIBITED POLITICAL ACTIVITIES:** Employees are prohibited from:

- A.** using official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with or affecting the result of an election or a nomination for office or for any other political purpose;
- B.** directly or indirectly coercing, attempting to coerce, commanding, or advising a state or local officer or employee to pay, lend, or contribute anything of value to a party, committee, organization, agency, or person for a political purpose;
- C.** threatening to deny promotions or pay increases to any employee who does not vote for certain candidates, requiring employees to contribute a percentage of their pay to a political fund, influencing subordinate employees to buy tickets to political fund-raising dinners and similar events, advising employees to take part in political activity, and matters of a similar nature;
- D.** engaging in a political activity while on duty; or
- E.** being an officer of a political organization.

[4-27-62...5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.14.5, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.10 NMAC - Rn & A, 1 NMAC 7.6.10, 11/30/00; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.6.11          PUBLIC/POLITICAL OFFICE:**

**A.** Employees covered by the provisions of the *Hatch Act* [5 U.S.C. Sections 1501 to 1508] may not be candidates for partisan political office elections.

**B.** Employees not covered by the provisions of the *Hatch Act* [5 U.S.C. Sections 1501 to 1508] may be candidates for any partisan political office if, upon filing or accepting the nomination and during the entire campaign, they are authorized full-time continuous leave without pay.

**C.** Employees may be candidates for nonpartisan political office, subject to the restriction set forth in **1.7.6.11 NMAC**, without taking a leave of absence.

**D.** Employees may hold only a nonpartisan county or municipal political office during employment in the classified service.

**E.** Being a local school board member or an elected member of any post-secondary educational institution shall not be construed as holding political office.

**F.** Employees running for or holding public office shall not use state equipment, facilities, property or time dedicated to employment duties to conduct campaign or public office related business. Violation of this Rule is punishable by disciplinary action pursuant to **1.7.11 NMAC** and/or the criminal penalties set forth in *NMSA 1978 Section 10-9-23*.

[7-1-80...5-15-96; 1.7.6.11 NMAC - Rn & A, 1 NMAC 7.6.11, 11/30/00; A 2-14-01; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.6.12 [RESERVED]**

[1-2-93 ... 5-15-96; Rn, 1 NMAC 7.8.16.2, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.12 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.12, 11/30/00; A, 11/14/02; Repealed, 11/13/2018]

**1.7.6.13 COMPLAINTS:**

**A.** Each agency shall establish a written complaint procedure by which employees can seek to remedy problems associated with their working conditions. Agency complaint procedures shall be filed with the Office and the information made available to all employees of the agency.

**B.** Employees have the right to present or make known their complaints, free from interference, restraint, discrimination, coercion, or reprisal.

**C.** Agencies should utilize alternative methods of dispute resolution, including mediation, wherever appropriate to resolve conflicts in the workplace and encourage positive working relationships between employees and management.

**D.** If the complaint pertains to an interpretation of these rules, it may be appealed to the director within 30 calendar days of the agency's final decision. The director will issue an interpretation in accordance with 1.7.1.9 NMAC.

[7-1-80...5-15-96; Rn & A, 1 NMAC 7.15.11, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.13 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.13 & A, 11/30/00; A, 5-14-09]

**1.7.6.14 [RESERVED]**

[Rn & R, 1 NMAC 7.6.8, 1 NMAC 7.6.9, 1 NMAC 7.6.13, 7-1-97; 1.7.6.14 NMAC - Rn, 1 NMAC 7.6.14, 11/30/00]

**HISTORY of 1.7.6 NMAC: [RESERVED]**

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 7           ABSENCE AND LEAVE**

**1.7.7.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.7.1 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.1, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.7.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.7.2 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.2, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.7.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-13(G); Section 11: NMSA 1978, Section 10-7-10; Section 13: 29 U.S.C. Sections 201 and 2601 et seq.; Section 15: NMSA 1978, Section 1-12-42; Section 17: NMSA 1978, Sections 20-4-7, 20-5-14 and 20-7-5 and 38 U.S.C. Section 2024.  
[1.7.7.3 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.3, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002]

**1.7.7.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.7.4 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.4, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.7.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** 7/7/2001 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.7.5 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.5, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.7.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 7 of Chapter 7: is to provide for the accrual and administration of leave available to employees.  
[1.7.7.6 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.6, 7/7/2001]

**1.7.7.7           DEFINITIONS:**

**A.           “Child” or “Children”** means a person or persons 18 years of age or younger who is enrolled in School, and who is or are the biological child(ren), legally adopted child(ren), foster child(ren), stepchild(ren), or legal ward(s) of an employee.

**B.           “Covered active duty or call to covered active duty status”** means duty during the deployment of a regular member or reservist to a foreign country.

**C.           “Covered servicemember”** means a current member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness; or a covered veteran (member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran) who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.

**D.           “Extra-curricular activities”** means events or appointments not falling within the normal school curriculum, including but not limited to sporting events, orientations, ceremonies, field trips, registrations.

**E.           “Fall semester”** means August through December.

**F.           “Family member”** means an individual who is the spouse or domestic partner of or is by blood, marriage or legal adoption a parent, grandparent, great-grandparent, child, foster child, grandchild, great-grandchild, brother, sister, niece, nephew, aunt or uncle, or is living in the household of an of an employee.

**G.           “Health care provider”** means a physician, dentist, podiatrist, clinical psychologist, or optometrist who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery in the state in which the individual practices. In cases limited to treatment consisting of manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation, medical certification may be provided by a chiropractor. Others capable of providing health care services include podiatrists, dentists, clinical psychologists, optometrists, nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives, clinical social workers and physician assistants authorized to practice in the state; Christian Science practitioners listed with the First Church of Christ, Scientist in Boston, Massachusetts; any health care provider from whom an employer or the employer’s group health plan’s benefits manager will accept certification for the existence of a serious health condition to substantiate a claim for benefits, including a foreign physician.

**H.           “Medical emergency”** means a medical condition of an employee or a family member of such employee that is likely to require an employee's absence from duty for a prolonged period of time and to result in a substantial loss of income to the employee because of the unavailability of paid leave.

**I. “School”** means a single attendance center in which instruction is offered by one or more teachers and is discernible as a building or group of buildings generally recognized as either a licensed child care center, preschool, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school, or any combination of those, including charter schools, state institutions, and private schools, but not including home schools.

**J. “Serious health condition”** means an illness or injury that involves an overnight stay in a health care facility and any subsequent treatment in connection with such stay; or, continuing treatment by a health care provider including any one or more of the following:

- (1) a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive, full calendar days and subsequent treatment by a health care provider in-person two or more times within 30 days of the first day of incapacity;
- (2) treatment by a health care provider in-person on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment;
- (3) pregnancy and prenatal care;
- (4) chronic condition which requires visits at least twice a year for treatment by a health care provider over an extended period of time and may cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity;
- (5) permanent or long-term conditions; and
- (6) conditions requiring multiple treatments by a health care provider including recovery time.

**K. “Serious illness or injury”** means an injury or illness that was incurred by the covered servicemember in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces, or existed before the beginning of the servicemember’s active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty in the Armed Forces, and that may render the covered servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the servicemember’s office grade, rank or rating. In the case of a veteran who was a covered servicemember, “serious illness or injury” means the same as above but the injury or illness manifested itself before or after the member become a veteran.

**L. “Son” or “Daughter”** means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a step child, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is either under age 18, or age 18 or older and “incapable of self-care” because of a mental or physical disability at the time that FMLA leave is to commence.

**M. “Spring semester”** means January through May.

**N. “Spouse”** is defined in the Family and Medical Leave Act regulations [29 CFR 825.122(b)].  
[1.7.7.7 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.7, 7/7/2001; A, 1/1/2020]

#### **1.7.7.8 ANNUAL LEAVE:**

**A.** Employees, except those on full-time educational leave with pay, absence without leave, leave without pay, unpaid FMLA leave, or suspension without pay shall accrue annual leave at the rate of:

- (1) 3.08 hours per pay period if less than three years of cumulative employment,
- (2) 3.69 hours per pay period if three years or more but less than seven years of cumulative employment,
- (3) 4.61 hours per pay period if seven years or more but less than eleven years of cumulative employment,
- (4) 5.54 hours per pay period if eleven years or more but less than fifteen years of cumulative employment; or
- (5) 6.15 hours per pay period if fifteen years or more of cumulative employment.

**B.** For purposes of Subsection A of 1.7.7.8. NMAC, any employment in the classified or exempt service and judicial or legislative branches of New Mexico state government shall be counted in determining years of cumulative employment in the classified service.

**C.** For purposes of Subsection A of 1.7.7.8. NMAC, employment in programs transferred into the classified service by legislation or executive order shall count as cumulative employment.

**D.** Employees employed on a part-time basis and employees on furlough who work at least eight hours in a pay period shall accrue annual leave on a prorated basis.

**E.** A maximum of 240 hours of annual leave shall be carried forward after the last pay period beginning in December.

**F.** Annual leave shall not be used before it is accrued and must be authorized before it is taken in accordance with agency policy.

**G.** Employees separating from the classified service, except by a reduction in force, shall be paid for accrued annual leave, as of the date of separation, up to a maximum of 240 hours at the current hourly rate of their base salary. This payout shall not exceed 240 hours.

**H.** Employees separating from the classified service as the result of a reduction in force shall be paid for all accrued annual leave, as of the date of separation, at their current hourly rate.

**I.** The estate of an employee who dies while in the classified service shall be paid for the employee's total accrued annual leave.

[1.7.7.8 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.8, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 1/1/2021; A, 8/1/2021; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.7.9 DONATION OF ANNUAL OR SICK LEAVE:**

**A.** Employees may donate annual or sick leave to another employee in the same agency for a medical emergency with approval of the head of the agency. Employees may also make and receive donations of annual leave to and from employees in the exempt service in the same agency for a medical emergency with approval of the head of the agency, as set forth by the department of finance and administration's policies for Governor Exempt Employees.

**B.** Employees may donate annual leave to the full amount of their accumulated hours.

**C.** In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-7-10 NMSA 1978, the donation of sick leave is governed by the following restrictions:

(1) employees who have accumulated more than six hundred hours of sick leave can transfer the additional amounts over 600 hours to another employee;

(2) the dollar value of the transferred leave shall equal fifty percent of the monetary value of the total hours transferred by the donor employee;

(3) no more than 120 hours of sick leave may be transferred by the donor in any one fiscal year, with the exception of the year in which an employee retires, when an employee may transfer up to 400 hours of sick leave;

(4) donations of sick leave may be made only once per fiscal year on either the pay date immediately following the first full pay period in January or the first full pay period in July, unless the employee is retiring.

**D.** An agency shall maintain the following documentation:

(1) the name, position title, and hourly rate of base pay of the proposed leave recipient;

(2) a licensed health care provider's description of the nature, severity, and anticipated duration of the emergency involved which has been provided by the employee or legally authorized representative and a statement that the recipient is unable to work all or a portion of their work hours; and

(3) any other information which the employing agency may reasonably require.

**E.** Supporting documentation for the request to donate leave shall be kept confidential and not subject to public inspection without the written consent of the employee.

**F.** The agency shall transfer the leave to the leave account of the employee converting the dollar value of the donor's leave based on the donor's hourly rate of base pay to hours of leave based on the recipient's hourly rate of base pay.

**G.** The recipient of donated leave may not use such leave until first exhausting all accrued annual and sick leave, compensatory time and personal leave day.

**H.** Donated leave shall revert to the employees who donated the leave on a prorated basis when the medical emergency ends or the employee separates from the agency.

[1.7.7.9 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.9, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/5/2005; A, 1/1/2021; A, 8/1/2021]

#### **1.7.7.10 SICK LEAVE:**

**A.** Employees, except those on full-time educational leave with pay, absence without leave, leave without pay, unpaid FMLA leave, or suspension without pay, shall accrue sick leave at the rate of 4.00 hours per pay period.

**B.** Employees employed on a part-time basis and employees on furlough who work at least eight hours in a pay period shall accrue sick leave on a prorated basis.

**C.** Sick leave may not be used before it is accrued and must be authorized or denied according to agency policy.

**D.** An employee may use sick leave for personal medical treatment or illness or for medical treatment or illness of a family member, or of a person residing in the employee's household. Employees affected by pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions must be treated the same as persons affected by other medical conditions.

**E.** There is no limit to the amount of sick leave that may be accrued.

**F.** No payment shall be made for accrued sick leave at the time of separation from the classified service except as provided by law.

**G.** Former employees who were laid off and are returned to work in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.10.10 NMAC, shall have restored the sick leave they had accrued as of the date of layoff.

**H.** Payment for Accumulated Sick Leave:

**(1)** In accordance with the provisions of Section 10-7-10 NMSA 1978, employees who have accumulated 600 hours of unused sick leave are entitled to be paid for unused sick leave in excess of 600 hours at a rate equal to fifty percent of their hourly rate of base pay for up to 120 hours of sick leave. Payment for unused sick leave may be made only once per fiscal year on either the payday immediately following the first full pay period in January or the first full pay period in July.

**(2)** Immediately prior to retirement from the classified service, employees who have accumulated 600 hours of unused sick leave are entitled to be paid for unused sick leave in excess of 600 hours at a rate equal to fifty percent of their hourly rate of base pay for up to 400 hours of sick leave.

**I.** An agency shall not discharge or threaten to discharge, demote, suspend or retaliate or discriminate against an employee because that employee requests or uses sick leave for medical treatment or illness of a family member in accordance with the agency's sick leave policy, files an appeal alleging violation of the Public Employee Caregiver Leave Act, Section 10-16H-1, NMSA 1978, et seq., cooperates in an investigation or prosecution of an alleged violation of that act or opposes any policy or practice established pursuant to that act. [1.7.7.10 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.10, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 1/1/2020; A, 8/1/2021; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.7.11 LEAVE WITHOUT PAY:**

**A.** Leave without pay may be approved when:

**(1)** the agency can assure a position of like status and base pay, at the same geographic location, upon the return of the employee from leave without pay; or

**(2)** the employee agrees in writing to waive that requirement.

**B.** Leave without pay shall not exceed 30 consecutive calendar days for employees in emergency or temporary status.

**C.** Leave without pay may not exceed 30 consecutive calendar days for probationers or employees in term status with less than one year of employment without the prior approval of the agency. Any leave without pay in excess of 30 consecutive calendar days shall not be credited toward the probationary period unless the employee was called to active military duty.

**D.** Leave without pay for employees in career status and term status with more than one year of employment shall not exceed 12 consecutive months without the prior written approval of the agency.

**E.** Employees may be authorized leave without pay for up to one year to temporarily accept a position in the exempt service. Such leave without pay may be extended with the approval of the board. [1.7.7.11 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.11, 7/7/2001; A, 8/1/2021]

#### **1.7.7.12 FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE:**

**A.** In addition to other leave provided for in 1.7.7 NMAC eligible employees are entitled to leave in accordance with the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of 1993 [29 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.], as amended. Employees who have been in the classified service for at least 12 months (which need not be consecutive) and who have worked, as defined by Section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act [29 U.S.C. Section 201 et seq.], at least 1250 hours during the 12-month period immediately preceding the start of FMLA leave are eligible employees. In addition, employment in the exempt service, legislative or judicial branch, shall count as classified employment for purposes of this rule.

**B.** An eligible employee is entitled to a total of 12 weeks of unpaid FMLA leave in a 12-month period for the birth and care of a newborn child of the employee within one year of the birth; the placement with the employee of a child for adoption or foster care and the care of the newly placed child within one year of placement; the care of the employee's child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner who has a serious health condition; and the employee's own serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of their job; or any other qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the spouse, domestic partner, son, daughter or parent of the employee is on covered active duty or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty status, as defined in the FMLA regulations [29 CFR 825.102], including issues resulting from short-notice deployment, military events and related activities, childcare and school activities for the military member's child, financial and legal arrangements to address the military member's absence while on covered active duty, counseling, spending time with the military member while on short-term leave, post-deployment activities, care of the military

member's parent who is incapable of self-care, and other activities in accordance with the FMLA regulations [29 CFR 825.126]. The 12-month period is calculated forward from the date an employee's first FMLA leave begins.

**C.** An eligible employee who is the spouse, domestic partner, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of a covered servicemember with a serious illness or injury sustained in the line of duty on active duty is entitled to up to 26 weeks of unpaid FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the servicemember. This military caregiver leave is available during a single 12-month period during which an eligible employee is entitled to a combined total of 26 weeks of all types of FMLA leave. The 12-month period is calculated forward from the date an employee's first FMLA leave begins. [29 CFR 825.127]

**D.** An employee may elect, or an agency may require the employee, to substitute any of the employee's accrued annual leave, accrued sick leave, personal leave day, accrued compensatory time, or donated leave for any part of unpaid FMLA leave.

**E.** If a paid holiday occurs within a week of FMLA leave, the holiday is counted towards the FMLA entitlement. However, if an employee is using FMLA in increments less than one week, the holiday does not count against the employee's FMLA entitlement unless the employee was otherwise scheduled and expected to work during the holiday.

**F.** Employees shall not accrue annual and sick leave while on unpaid FMLA leave.

**G.** Agencies shall post the required FMLA notices, maintain the required employee records, and implement agency policies in accordance with the FMLA. All medical records and correspondence relating to employees and/or their families shall be considered confidential in accordance with 1.7.1.12 NMAC.

**H.** As a condition for restoring an employee whose own serious health condition required FMLA leave, an agency may require the employee to provide certification from their health care provider that the employee is able to resume work. The fitness-for-duty certification may only pertain to the specific health condition that required FMLA leave.

[1.7.7.12 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.12, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 6/30/2006; A, 10/15/2008; A/E, 1/27/2009; A, 5/14/2009; A, 1/1/2020; A, 8/1/2021; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.7.13 ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE:**

**A.** Employees who fail to appear for work without authorized leave or who appear for work but are in violation of agency policy governing their readiness for work shall be considered to be absent without leave.

**B.** Employees shall not be paid for any periods of absence without leave and shall not accrue annual or sick leave.

[1.7.7.13 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.13, 7/7/2001]

#### **1.7.7.14 ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE:**

**A.** An agency may authorize employees leave with pay for up to five consecutive work days when it is in the best interests of the agency to do so. Administrative leave in excess of five consecutive workdays must have the prior written approval of the State Personnel Office (SPO) director except for administrative leave granted in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 1.7.8.18 NMAC or Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 1.7.8.18 NMAC or 1.7.11.12 NMAC.

**B.** Employees who are members of a state board or commission may be entitled to leave with pay to attend meetings or transact business of the board or commission.

**C.** Employees who are registered voters may absent themselves from work for two hours for the purpose of voting between the time of the opening and the time of the closing of the polls. The employer may specify the hours during the period in which the voter may be absent. This leave is not available to employees whose work day begins more than two hours subsequent to the time of opening the polls or ends more than three hours prior to the time of closing the polls. This leave is only available for those elections listed in Subsection A of Sections 1-12-42 and 1-1-19 NMSA 1978 and does not apply to absentee or early voting.

**D.** Employees shall be entitled to administrative leave when appearing during regularly scheduled work hours in obedience to a subpoena as a witness before a grand jury or court or before a federal or state agency. Fees received as a witness, excluding reimbursement for travel, shall be remitted to the employee's agency. Employees shall not be entitled to administrative leave to participate in judicial or administrative proceedings against an agency or the state of New Mexico in which the employee is a litigant in or party to the proceeding.

**E.** Employees shall be entitled to leave with pay for serving on a grand or petit jury during regularly scheduled work hours. Fees received as a juror, excluding reimbursement for travel, shall be remitted to the employee's agency.

**F.** Employees with a child or children enrolled in a school shall be entitled to the following amounts of paid administrative leave for parent-teacher conferences, provided that the express purpose of the leave is to attend a parent-teacher conference during the employee's normal work day; provided that the leave is not being requested for parental participation or assistance in extra-curricular school activities; provided that the employee follows any procedures required by the office or agency to request paid administrative leave for the parent-teacher conference; and, provided that the employee provides reasonable notice to the agency in an effort to avoid disruption to operational needs:

(1) Employees with three or more children may be granted up to four hours of paid administrative leave during the spring semester, and up to four hours of paid administrative leave during the fall semester for parent-teacher conferences; and

(2) Employees with one child or two children may be granted up to two hours of paid administrative leave during the spring semester, and up to two hours of paid administrative leave during the fall semester for parent-teacher conferences.

(3) Two employees may request available leave to attend the same scheduled parent-teacher conference for their children.

[1.7.7.14 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.14, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/5/2005; A, 1/1/2020; A, 8/1/2021; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.7.15 EDUCATIONAL LEAVE:**

**A.** An agency may grant employees educational leave with or without pay to pursue training related to their employment that is of immediate or potential value to the agency, including new ideas and innovation that could result from an employee's education on a variety of subjects, expansion of employee skill sets for later promotional or leadership opportunities, and retention. "Educational leave" means time away from work, paid or unpaid, for approved coursework at an academic institution, including participation in classes and travel between an employee's normal work site and the academic institution. Educational leave may be requested as part-time administrative leave with pay or full-time Educational Leave without pay.

**B.** Employees on full-time educational leave with pay shall not accrue annual or sick leave.

**C.** Employees who are working part-time while on educational leave shall accrue annual and sick leave in accordance with the provisions of Subsection D of 1.7.7.8 NMAC and Subsection B of 1.7.7.10 NMAC.

**D.** Employees who are granted paid educational leave and who leave the employ of the agency within one year of the conclusion of the educational leave, must reimburse the agency for any tuition, expenses, or costs that the agency paid on behalf of the employee. Employees who are granted paid educational leave and who fail to complete any coursework, testing, or requirements of the educational program must reimburse the agency for any tuition, expenses, or costs that the agency paid on behalf of the employee.

[1.7.7.15 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.15, 7/7/2001; A, 1/1/2020]

#### **1.7.7.16 MILITARY LEAVE:**

**A.** Members of organized reserve units or the national guard ordered to training shall be given up to 15 workdays of paid military leave per federal fiscal year. These 15 workdays are in addition to other authorized leave.

**B.** The governor may grant members of the national guard ordered to training up to 15 days of paid military leave, in addition to that already given by law. Such additional leave must not exceed 15 workdays per federal fiscal year.

**C.** Members of the state defense force shall be granted paid military leave to attend officially authorized training or instruction courses. Such leave applies only to full-time employees and must not exceed 30 workdays per federal fiscal year.

**D.** Members of the civil air patrol shall be granted military leave not to exceed 30 workdays per calendar year for search and rescue missions.

**E.** Employees on military leave with pay shall accrue annual and sick leave.

**F.** Employees who are members of a reserve component of the United States armed forces shall, upon request, be granted unpaid leave for the period required to perform active duty for training or inactive duty training in the United States armed forces.

**G.** This rule does not apply to employees in temporary or emergency status.

[1.7.7.16 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.16, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 7/5/2005; A, 1/1/2020]

#### **1.7.7.17 PERSONAL LEAVE DAY:**

**A.** Employees in career status are entitled to two personal leave days each calendar year. The personal leave days will be consistent with the employee's normal workday. Such leave must be requested and approved in advance.

**B.** Each personal leave day must be taken during consecutive hours.

**C.** The personal leave days must be taken by December 31 or they will be lost.

**D.** Employees who do not take their personal leave days shall not be paid for them upon separation from the classified service.

[1.7.7.17 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.17, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002; A, 10/15/2008; A, 1/1/2021]

**1.7.7.18 TRANSFER OF LEAVE:**

**A.** Employees who transfer from one agency to another shall retain all accrued annual, personal and sick leave.

**B.** All accrued annual and sick leave shall be transferred when persons change status from a position in the exempt service to a position in the classified service without a break in employment.

**C.** Agencies shall accept all accrued sick leave from persons who separate from the judicial or legislative branches of state government and are employed in the classified service without a break in employment of such separation.

[1.7.7.18 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.7.18, 7/7/2001; A, 11/14/2002]

**1.7.7.19 DONATING AN ORGAN OR BONE MARROW:**

**A.** In accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, Section 24-28-3, an agency head may authorize a leave of absence, not to exceed twenty workdays, to an employee for the purpose of donating an organ or bone marrow.

**B.** In accordance with the provisions of 1.7.7.9 NMAC, an employee may request and use donated annual or sick leave for the purpose of donating an organ or bone marrow.

**C.** If an employee requests donations of annual leave or sick leave but does not receive the full amount of leave needed for the donation of an organ or bone marrow, the agency head may grant paid administrative leave for the remainder of the needed leave up to the maximum total of twenty workdays.

**D.** An agency head may require verification by a physician regarding the purpose of the leave requested and information from the physician regarding the length of the leave requested.

**E.** Any paid leave of absence granted pursuant to this provision shall not result in a loss of compensation, seniority, annual leave, sick leave or accrued overtime for which the employee is otherwise eligible.

[1.7.7.19 NMAC - N, 12/1/2010]

**1.7.7.20 BEREAVEMENT LEAVE:**

**A.** Agencies may grant bereavement leave to employees who have experienced the death of a relation by blood or marriage within the third degree or a person residing in the employee's household.

**B.** Bereavement leave is a form of administrative leave that an agency may grant to employees in accordance with 1.7.7.14(A) NMAC. The agency may authorize bereavement leave for up to five consecutive workdays when it is in the best interests of the agency to do so. Bereavement leave in excess of five consecutive workdays must have the prior written approval of the director.

**C.** An agency may supplement bereavement leave by authorizing an employee to use accrued annual or sick leave or compensatory time to attend the funeral of a relation by blood or marriage within the third degree or a person residing in the employee's household.

[1.7.7.20 NMAC – N, 8/1/2021]

**HISTORY OF 1.7.7 NMAC:**

**Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the Commission of Public Records - State Records Center and Archives as:

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 5/22/1980;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 9/1/1981;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 9/4/1981;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 7/22/1982;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 10/21/1982;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 3/7/1986;

SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 1/13/1989;  
SPB 15, Absence and Leave, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB 15, Absence and Leave, filed 12/13/1990;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 8/3/1993;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 12/2/1993;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 3/18/1994;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 12/1/1994;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 12/29/1994;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 1/27/1995;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 3/20/1995;  
SPB 10, Absence and Leave, filed 9/1/1995.

**History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.7, Absence and Leave, filed 6/13/1997.

**Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.9, Absence and Leave, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 10, filed 9/1/1995;  
1 NMAC 7.7, Absence and Leave, filed 6/13/1997 replaced 1 NMAC 7.9, Absence and Leave, filed 1/12/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.7, Absence and Leave, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.7 NMAC, Absence and Leave, effective 7/7/2001.

**TITLE 1            GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7        STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 8            DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE**

**1.7.8.1            ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.8.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.1 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.2            SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.8.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.2 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.3            STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Subsection A of Section 10-9-10 NMSA 1978.  
[1.7.8.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.3 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.4            DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.8.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.4 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.5            EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 14, 2025, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.8.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.5 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.6            OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 8 of Chapter 7 is: to require every state agency to provide its employees with information on the effects of drug and alcohol abuse; to require drug, alcohol testing or both; and to establish required collection, screening, rehabilitative and sanction parameters.  
[1.7.8.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.6 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.7            DEFINITIONS:**

**A.            “Alcohol”** means all consumable non-prescription substances which contain alcohol, specifically including, without limitation, spirits, wine, malt beverages, and intoxicating liquors.

**B.            “Aliquot”** means a portion of a urine specimen used for testing.

**C.            “Chain of custody”** refers to procedures to account for the integrity of each specimen by tracking its handling and storage from point of specimen collection to final disposition of the specimen. In any dispute regarding chain of custody, the identity and integrity of the sample at issue may be established by a preponderance of the evidence.

**D.            “Confirmatory test”** means a second analytical procedure to identify the presence of a specific drug or metabolite in a urine specimen by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS).

**E.            “Drug”** means marijuana, cocaine, opiates, phencyclidine (PCP), and amphetamines; a metabolite of those drugs; or any non-prescription substance containing those drugs.

**F.            “Initial test”** means an immunoassay screen which meets the requirements of the food and drug administration to eliminate negative specimens from further consideration.

**G.            “Medical review officer”** means a New Mexico based and licensed physician knowledgeable in the medical use of prescription drugs and alcohol and the pharmacology and toxicology of illicit drugs and alcohol.

**H.            “Non-prescription”** refers to all substances other than a substance prescribed by a doctor or licensed health professional to the employee or particular candidate.

**I.            “On duty”** means any time during an employee's regular workday or other period during which the employee is required or permitted to work by the employer, including overtime, lunch and other breaks, and anytime while operating or riding in a state vehicle.

**J.            “Possession”** means to knowingly have, own, or have on oneself the drug, the alcohol or both.

**K.            “Random selection basis”** means a system for selecting employees or groups of employees for drug testing in a statistically random system based on a neutral criterion, such as employment or position numbers, without individualized suspicion that a particular employee is using drugs.

**L.            “Reasonable suspicion”** means a belief drawn from specific objective and articulable facts and the reasonable inferences drawn from those facts.

**M.            “Safety-sensitive position”** is a position in which performance by a person under the influence of drugs or alcohol would constitute an immediate or direct threat of injury or death to that person or another, or as otherwise provided by state or federal law.

[1.7.8.7 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.7 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.8 OMNIBUS TRANSPORTATION EMPLOYEE TESTING ACT OF 1991:**

**A.** Employees in safety-sensitive positions within the meaning of the *Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991 ("Omnibus Act" (49 U.S.C. Subtitle VI Part B § 31306)* are exempt from and are not covered by the provisions of 1.7.8.7 NMAC and 1.7.8.9 NMAC through 1.7.8.19 NMAC.

**B.** Agencies with employees covered by the Omnibus Act shall develop and submit to the state personnel office (SPO) director a policy for implementing drug and alcohol tests.

**C.** The policy shall contain at the least the:

- (1) covered positions;
- (2) testing requirements for drugs and alcohol;
- (3) collection of specimen;
- (4) reporting and explanation of test results;
- (5) confidentiality;
- (6) training;
- (7) rehabilitation and sanctions;
- (8) record retention;
- (9) rehabilitative and sanction parameters of drug and alcohol abuse; and
- (10) reasonable suspicion.

**D.** Agencies shall advise the board annually of those positions covered by the Omnibus Act.  
[1.7.8.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.8 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.8.9 SUBSTANCE ABUSE COORDINATOR:**

**A.** Each agency shall appoint a substance abuse coordinator who shall be responsible for the agency's drug and alcohol abuse program.

**B.** The substance abuse coordinator shall provide drug and alcohol abuse awareness information to employees including but not limited to the:

- (1) dangers of drug and alcohol abuse;
- (2) availability of counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and
- (3) sanctions that may be imposed upon employees as provided in 1.7.1.18 NMAC.

**C.** The drug abuse coordinator shall ensure that the agency has contracted or made arrangements with a medical review officer to perform the duties required by 1.7.8 NMAC.

[1.7.8.9 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.10 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.8.10 AUTHORIZED DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING:**

**A.** The SPO director shall maintain a list of positions designated by the agencies as being safety-sensitive.

**B.** All candidates for safety-sensitive positions are required to submit to drug testing after an offer of employment is made and prior to final selection.

**C.** Agencies that require employees in safety-sensitive positions to undergo regular physical examinations shall require such employees to undergo drug testing as part of those physical examinations.

**D.** Agencies shall require employees to undergo drug, alcohol testing or both if the agency has a reasonable suspicion that the employee has committed drug or alcohol abuse based on, but not limited to:

- (1) direct observation of the physical symptoms or manifestations of being under the influence of a drug or alcohol while on duty; such symptoms may include, but are not limited to liquor on breath, slurred speech, unsteady walk, or impaired coordination; or
- (2) direct observation of the use or possession of drugs or drug paraphernalia, or the use of alcohol while on duty.

**E.** An employee shall submit to a reasonable suspicion drug or alcohol test provided the requesting supervisor has secured the next level supervisor's approval, unless the requesting supervisor is the agency head. The requesting supervisor shall prepare a contemporaneous memorandum outlining the details leading up to the reasonable suspicion drug or alcohol test. The memorandum shall be submitted to the substance abuse coordinator within 24 hours of the request for testing.

**F.** At least ten percent (10%) of employees in safety-sensitive positions in each agency shall be required to undergo drug testing on a yearly basis.

- (1) The SPO director shall identify the safety-sensitive positions on a random selection basis.

(2) At the discretion of the agency head or substance abuse coordinator, employees may be excused from random drug testing if:

(a) they have previously requested referral in accordance with the provisions of Subsection B of 1.7.1.18 NMAC;

(b) the selection for random drug testing is made during the first 30 calendar days following the request for referral; or

(c) they are on an authorized absence for 30 calendar days or more.

(3) The agency head or substance abuse coordinator shall inform the SPO director of any employee excused from random drug testing within 10 working days of receipt of the notice of safety sensitive testing.

G. The SPO director may authorize an agency to conduct more than ten percent (10%) random drug testing on employees in safety sensitive positions upon receipt of an agency's written request that would include justification of how the additional testing is related to the conditions of employment and the use of equipment that could pose a risk to public health or safety.

[1.7.8.10 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.11 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.8.11 COLLECTION OF SPECIMENS:**

A. Unless otherwise specified in 1.7.8 NMAC, urine specimens for drug testing shall be collected by a laboratory meeting state licensure requirements and certified by the substance abuse and mental health services administration or the college of American pathologists in forensic urine drug testing.

B. Breath specimens may be collected by a certified person, a medical or a laboratory facility. Should the medical or laboratory facility not be available or should the equipment fail, the substance abuse coordinator or designee shall designate another testing facility and report this referral to the SPO director within ten working days of taking the breath specimen.

[1.7.8.11 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.12 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.8.12 DRUG TESTS:**

A. The initial and confirmatory drug tests shall be performed by a state licensed laboratory in accordance with the substance abuse and mental health services administration or the college of American pathologists in forensic urine drug testing. The laboratory shall have the capability of performing initial and confirmatory tests for each drug or metabolite for which service is offered.

B. The cutoff concentrations set forth in Section 40.85 of Part 40 of 49 C.F.R. shall be used when screening specimens on the initial and confirmatory urine drug tests.

C. The laboratory shall report as negative all specimens that are negative on the initial test or negative on the confirmatory test. Only specimens reported as positive on the confirmatory test shall be reported positive for a specific drug.

D. The laboratory shall retain and place those specimens confirmed positive in properly secured long-term frozen storage for at least 365 calendar days. An agency may request the laboratory to retain the specimen for an additional period of time. If the laboratory does not receive a request to retain the specimen during the initial 365 calendar day period, the specimen may be discarded.

[1.7.8.12 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.13 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.8.13 ALCOHOL TESTS:**

A. A test for alcohol shall be administered by a legally recognized and approved method.

B. A test by a legally recognized or approved method with results of blood alcohol content (BAC) level of .04 or more shall be deemed positive for alcohol.

C. For employees who have undergone alcohol rehabilitation, pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection D of 1.7.1.18 NMAC, a positive test result during the 30 to 180 calendar days following the first positive test shall subject an employee to disciplinary action. Such a test may be performed by urinalysis.

[1.7.8.13 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.8.14 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.8.14 REPORTING OF TEST RESULTS:**

A. Drug and alcohol test results shall be reported only to the substance abuse coordinator or designee.

B. The test report shall contain the specimen number assigned by the agency, the laboratory accession number and results of the tests. All specimens negative on the initial test or negative on the confirmatory

test shall be reported as negative. Only specimens confirmed positive shall be reported positive. Results may be transmitted to the substance abuse coordinator by various means including certified mail with return receipt requested, courier service, or electronic mail in a secure area (e.g., facsimile or computer). Certified copies of all analytical results and chain-of-custody forms shall be available from the laboratory when requested by the SPO director, the agency head, or substance abuse coordinator or designee.

**C.** The substance abuse coordinator or designee shall advise candidates and employees in writing of positive test results.

**D.** All records pertaining to a given urine specimen shall be retained by the laboratory for a minimum of two years.

**E.** Only those members of management who need to know shall be made aware of the test results. Breach of confidentiality may be grounds for disciplinary action.

[1.7.8.14 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.15 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **1.7.8.15 EXPLANATION OF POSITIVE TEST RESULTS:**

**A.** Candidates for a safety sensitive position who test positive for drugs, alcohol or both may, within two workdays of being advised of the test results, submit a written request to the agency's substance abuse coordinator for a review of the test results by the medical review officer. The test results of all employees who test positive for drugs, alcohol or both shall be referred by the agency's substance abuse coordinator or designee to the medical review officer.

**(1)** If the candidate does not request a review of the test results within two workdays, the candidate waives review by the medical review officer and any retesting of the sample and consents to rejection for selection.

**(2)** The medical review officer shall examine any proffered or possible explanations concerning the validity of the confirmed positive test results. This action may include conducting a medical interview, review of the medical history, review of the chain of custody, and discussions with the collection or laboratory personnel. The medical review officer shall review all medical records made available by the individual when a positive test could have resulted from legally prescribed medications for medical or dental treatment. The medical review officer shall also review the results of any retest done according to the provisions of 1.7.1.16 NMAC.

**(a)** Should any questions arise as to the accuracy or validity of a confirmed positive test result, only the medical review officer is authorized on behalf of the state to order a reanalysis of the original sample and such retests are authorized to be performed only at a laboratory that meets applicable provisions of any state licensure requirements and is certified by the substance abuse and mental health services administration or the college of American pathologists in forensic urine drug testing.

**(b)** Prior to making a final decision to verify a positive test result, the medical review officer shall give the candidate or employee an opportunity to discuss the test results. The discussion between the medical review officer and the candidate or employee may be in person or by telephone.

**(c)** The medical review officer shall advise the appropriate substance abuse coordinator of his or her medical conclusions from the review of the test results. If there are conflicting factual statements, the medical review officer shall not attempt to resolve that factual conflict, but shall report it along with his or her medical conclusions to the agency substance abuse coordinator. Similarly, the medical review officer shall not attempt to ascertain the factual correctness of any claim by the candidate or employee of involuntary ingestion of drugs or alcohol or both, but shall simply report such claims to the agency substance abuse coordinator with his or her medical opinion as to the possibility that such occurrence could have affected the test results.

**B.** Based upon the medical review officer's report and such other inquiries or facts as the agency may consider, the agency shall determine whether the explanations or challenges of the confirmed positive test results are satisfactory.

**(1)** If the explanations or challenges of the positive test results are unsatisfactory the agency:  
**(a)** shall provide a written explanation to the candidate or employee as to why the explanation is unsatisfactory, along with the test results, within 11 calendar days of the agency's determination; and  
**(b)** shall retain such records as confidential for one year.

**(2)** If the explanations or challenges of the positive test results are satisfactory the agency:  
**(a)** shall notify the candidate or employee in writing within 11 calendar days of the agency's determination; and  
**(b)** shall retain such records as confidential for one year.

[1.7.8.15 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.16 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.8.16 RETESTING:** Candidates who have sought review of their positive drug or alcohol urine tests by the medical review officer and all employees who tested positive for drugs or alcohol urine tests may elect to have, at their expense, an aliquot of the original urine specimen retested by another laboratory that meets applicable provisions of any state licensure requirements and is certified in forensic urine drug testing by either the substance abuse and mental health services administration or the college of American pathologists. The drug testing laboratory shall arrange for the shipment of the aliquot to the laboratory of the candidates' or employees' choosing. The agency shall pay for the retest if the retest is negative.  
[1.7.8.16 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.17 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.17 CONFIDENTIALITY:** No laboratory reports or test results shall appear in the employee's personnel file unless he or she is subject of a disciplinary action taken in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.8 NMAC. Laboratory reports or test results shall be placed in a special locked file maintained by the substance abuse coordinator. Files relating to laboratory reports or test results maintained by the substance abuse coordinator are confidential within the meaning of 1.7.1.12 NMAC.  
[1.7.8.17 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.18 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.8.18 REHABILITATION AND SANCTIONS:**

**A. Candidates for employment:**

(1) A candidate for employment in a safety-sensitive position shall be rejected for selection when he tests positive for drugs and does not seek review by the medical review officer or cannot satisfactorily explain the positive test results.

(2) An employee for transfer or promotion to a safety-sensitive position who tests positive for drugs and is unable to satisfactorily explain the positive test results shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal if the employee occupies a safety-sensitive position. If the employee is not in a safety-sensitive position, the employee shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Subsection D of 1.7.1.18 NMAC.

**B. Voluntary self-identification by employees:**

(1) Any employee who requests referral to an EAP, counseling or a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program, prior to selection for drug and alcohol testing shall be referred by the substance abuse counselor. Any costs for counseling or rehabilitation shall be borne by the employee.

(2) The agency may grant administrative leave to an employee to participate in an employee assistance program, counseling, or a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program for up to 240 hours for the initial voluntary self-identification only.

(3) Employees in safety-sensitive positions, who have requested referral shall be assigned to non safety-sensitive duties until successful completion of the approved substance abuse program or treatment plan and release by the substance abuse program provider.

(4) Employees are subject to drug, alcohol testing or both at the discretion of the substance abuse coordinator at any time between 30 and 180 calendar days of requesting referral.

(a) Employees in safety-sensitive positions who test positive during this time period or fail to successfully complete such program are subject to disciplinary action including dismissal.

(b) Employees in non safety-sensitive positions who test positive during this time period or fail to successfully complete such program may be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal. The agency may allow the employee to use annual leave, sick leave, or leave without pay for additional counseling or rehabilitation by the agency after considering all factors relevant to the employee's condition and job performance history.

(5) For employees who have been required to undergo an alcohol rehabilitation program, any indication of alcohol at any level during the 30 to 180 calendar day period following the referral shall be considered a positive test result.

**C. Safety-sensitive positions:** Employees in safety-sensitive positions who have not requested referral to an employee assistance program, counseling, or a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and test positive on a required drug, alcohol test or both shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal if they do not have a satisfactory explanation for the positive test results.

**D. Non safety-sensitive positions:**

(1) Employees in non safety-sensitive positions who test positive on a reasonable suspicion drug or alcohol test or both required by Subsection E of 1.7.1.10 NMAC and do not have a satisfactory explanation

for the positive test results shall be referred to an employee assistance program, counseling, or a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program. Employees are subject to drug or alcohol testing at the discretion of the substance abuse coordinator at any time between 30 and 180 calendar days of the first positive test. Any such employee who tests positive for drugs, alcohol or both between 30 and 180 calendar days of the first positive test without a satisfactory explanation or who fails to enter and successfully complete a program shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal.

(2) The agency may grant an employee administrative leave to participate in an employee assistance program, counseling, or a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program for up to 240 hours for the initial reasonable suspicion referral only.

**E. Refusal to cooperate in testing procedure:** Any employee who refuses or fails without good cause to cooperate in the drug or alcohol testing or both procedure by refusing or failing to complete the specified forms, by refusing or failing to submit a urine or breath specimen, or otherwise refuses or fails to cooperate shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal.

**F. Possession of drugs or alcohol:**

(1) Employees who illegally sell, purchase, or convey from one person or one place to another drugs or any substance in *Schedules I and II of the Controlled Substances Act, Sections 30-31-1 to 30-31-41 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pam. 1994)*, while on duty shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal and shall be reported to the local law enforcement agency.

(2) When employees, while on duty consume or have in their possession drugs, open containers of alcohol or any substance in *Schedules I and II of the Controlled Substances Act, Sections 30-31-1 to 30-31-41 NMSA 1978 (Repl. Pam. 1994)* without a valid prescription or as otherwise authorized by law, they shall be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal and shall be reported to the local law enforcement agency. [1.7.8.18 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.19 NMAC, 1/14/2025; A, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.8.19 PILOT PROGRAM:** The board may authorize a pilot program to evaluate impairment testing. Such pilot programs may authorize variances from provisions of 1.7.8 NMAC, including random drug testing for participants in the pilot program. [1.7.8.19 NMAC – Rp & Rn., 1.7.8.20 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**HISTORY OF 1.7.8 NMAC:**

**Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the Commission of Public Records - State Records Center and Archives as:

- SPB-14, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 4/4/1990.
- SPB-14, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 10/17/1990.
- SPB-14, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 12/13/1990.
- SPB 11, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 12/15/1992.
- SPB 11, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 3/18/1994.
- SPB 11, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, filed 12/29/1994.

**History of Repealed Material:**

- 1 NMAC 7.8, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 6/13/1997) repealed 7/7/2001.
- 1.7.8 NMAC, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 6/14/2001) repealed 1/14/2025.

**Other History:**

- SPB 11, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 12/29/1994) was replaced by 1 NMAC 7.10, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, effective 1/31/1996.
- 1 NMAC 7.10, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 1/12/1996) was replaced by 1 NMAC 7.10, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, effective 5/15/1996.
- 1 NMAC 7.10, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 5/2/1996) was replaced by 1 NMAC 7.8, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, effective 7/1/1997.
- 1 NMAC 7.8, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 6/13/1997) was replaced by 1.7.8 NMAC, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, effective 7/7/2001.
- 1.7.8 NMAC, Drug and Alcohol Abuse (filed 6/14/2001) was replaced by 1.7.8 NMAC, Drug and Alcohol Abuse, effective 1/14/2025.

**TITLE 1            GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7        STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 9            PERFORMANCE APPRAISALS**

**1.7.9.1            ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.9.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.1 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.2            SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.9.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.2 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.3            STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Subsection A of Section 10-9-10 NMSA 1978 and Section 10-9-15 NMSA 1978.  
[1.7.9.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.3 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.4            DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.9.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.4 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.5            EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 14, 2025, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.9.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.5 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.6            OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 9 of Chapter 7 is: to provide for the regular appraisal and documentation of employee performance and review of agency compliance in conducting performance appraisals.  
[1.7.9.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.6 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.7            DEFINITIONS: [RESERVED]**

**1.7.9.8            FORM:**

**A.** The performance of managers and employees shall be documented on a State Personnel Office (SPO) director approved appraisal form that includes:

- (1)** basic employee information (employee's name, working title, employee identification number, position number, anniversary date, and the name of their immediate supervisor);
- (2)** job assignments and goals;
- (3)** performance rating areas; and
- (4)** signature spaces for the employee, rater and reviewer to record initial, interim and final performance appraisal discussions.

**B.** A performance appraisal shall be initiated within 45 calendar days following the date of the employee's hire, reassignment, promotion, demotion, reduction, or transfer to a position and shall become a part of each employee's employment history.

[1.7.9.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.8 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.9            PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL:**

**A.** Managers and supervisors must successfully complete a director-approved course of study on employee performance appraisal within 90 days of hire into a supervisor or manager position, and a refresher course every three (3) years, or as needed.

**B.** The performance appraisal of a career employee shall include, at least, a semi-annual interim review and a final annual review by the immediate supervisor by the employee's anniversary date.

**C.** The performance appraisal of a probationary employee shall include, at least two interim reviews and a final annual review prior to the completion of the employee's probationary period. The performance of promoted employees shall be reviewed through at least two interim reviews and a final annual review prior to the completion of a one-year period upon promotion.

**D.** The performance appraisal of an employee shall be performed by the immediate supervisor with employee input and participation. Additional input and participation from employee's peers, customers, subordinates, or other appropriate personnel may be applied when appropriate.

**E.** Performance appraisals may be performed whenever an immediate supervisor wishes to make an employee's performance a matter of record, upon change of immediate supervisor, or whenever appropriate.

**F.** Managers and immediate supervisors who fail to comply with the provisions of 1.7.9 NMAC may be subject to disciplinary action including dismissal.  
[1.7.9.9 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.9 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.10 [RESERVED]**  
[1.7.9.10 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.10 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.11 REBUTTAL:** Employees may submit a rebuttal to performance appraisals, which shall become a part of the performance appraisal.  
[1.7.9.11 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.11 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.9.12 REPORT TO THE BOARD:** During the fourth quarter of each calendar year the SPO director shall report to the board on the record of each agency in conducting performance appraisals of its employees in the classified service. Agencies shall cooperate with the director, in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-15, and provide the director with such information concerning its performance appraisals as the director may require.  
[1.7.9.12 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.9.12 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.9 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 17, Performance Evaluation and Training, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 17, Performance Appraisal and Training, filed 6/3/1981;  
SPB Rule 17, Performance Appraisal and Training, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 13, Leaves of Absence, filed 7/22/1982;  
SPB-9, Performance Appraisal, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB 12, Performance Appraisals, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 9, Performance Appraisals, filed 3/18/1994;

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.9, Performance Appraisals, filed 6/13/1997.  
1.7.9 NMAC, Performance Appraisals, filed 6/14/2001, replaced by 1.7.9 NMAC, Performance Appraisals, effective 1/14/2025.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.11, Performance Appraisals, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 12, filed 12/15/1992;  
1 NMAC 7.11, Performance Appraisals, filed 5/2/1996;  
1 NMAC 7.11, Performance Appraisals, filed 5/2/1996 replaced by 1 NMAC 7.9, Performance Appraisals, filed 6/13/1997;  
1 NMAC 7.9, Performance Appraisals, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.8 NMAC, Absence and Leave, effective 7/7/2001.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 10          FURLOUGH, REDUCTION IN FORCE, REEMPLOYMENT,**  
**SEPARATION WITHOUT PREJUDICE**

**1.7.10.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.10.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.1, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.10.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.2, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Subsection A of Section 10-9-10 NMSA 1978; Section 10-9-19 NMSA 1978; Sections 28-15-1 to 28-15-3 NMSA 1978 and 38 U.S.C. Section 2021; Section 52-1-25.1 NMSA 1978.  
[1.7.10.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.3, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.4           DURATION:** Permanent  
[1.7.10.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.4, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 20, 2025, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.10.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.5, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 10 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a system for employee furlough, and separation upon reduction in force; to provide for reemployment after military service; to provide for injured employees' return to work, and potential separation.  
[1.7.10.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.6, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.7           DEFINITIONS:**

**A.** "Furlough" means a temporary placement of an employee in a reduced work hour schedule, which can either be partial or full-time, for lack of work or funds.

**B.** "Agency hire date" means the date on which an employee's current continuous employment with the agency or its legal predecessor began or, when an agency or organizational unit of an agency is merged with another agency, the date on which the employee began continuous employment with the original hiring agency.  
[1.7.10.7 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.7, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.8           FURLOUGH:**

**A.** In the event of the need for a furlough, an agency shall submit a plan identifying organizational units to be affected by the furlough to the board for approval to affect the furlough. The state personnel office (SPO) director may approve such plans if an emergency exists and there is insufficient time for the board to consider such plans.

**B.** The furlough plan shall affect all employees within the organizational unit impacted to the same extent.

**C.** No furlough shall exceed 12 months in duration.

**D.** Employees shall be given at least 14 calendar days written notice of furlough, unless the time limit is waived by the SPO director. Notice shall be served in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.1.10 NMAC.

**E.** Employees shall be returned from furlough when the reasons for the furlough cease to exist. Wherever possible, all affected employees shall be returned at the same time, to the same extent.  
[1.7.10.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.8, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.9           REDUCTION IN FORCE:**

**A.** An agency may lay off employees only for deletion of positions, shortage of work or funds, or other reasons that do not reflect discredit on the services of the employees.

**B.** An agency shall identify organizational units for purposes of a layoff and submit a written plan to the board. Such organizational units may be recognized on the basis of geographic area, function, funding source, or other factors. The agency must define the classifications affected within the organizational unit.

C. Upon board approval of a layoff plan, the agency affecting the layoff shall initiate a right of first refusal within the agency. All employees affected by the layoff shall be provided the following rights:

(1) employees to be affected by the reduction in force (RIF) shall be provided the right of first refusal to any position to be filled within the agency for which they meet the established requirements, at the same or lower midpoint than the midpoint of the position the employee currently holds, unless there is an actual layoff candidate exercising RIF rights for that position;

(2) affected employees shall compete only with other employees in the same agency affected by the reduction in force;

(3) the agency's list of eligible candidates for the open positions shall be comprised of those affected employees meeting the established requirements of the position;

(4) employees shall have eleven calendar days from the date of an offer to accept the position unless otherwise agreed; employees who do not accept an offer shall not lose the right of first refusal status to other positions; and

(5) the right of first refusal under Subsection C of 1.7.10.9. NMAC shall extend until the first effective date of layoff as defined in the plan.

D. The order of layoff due to reduction in force shall be by service date which is determined based upon the agency hire date. In the event of a tie, the SPO director shall determine an appropriate mechanism for breaking the tie.

E. No employee in career status shall be laid off while there are term, probationary, emergency or temporary status employees in the same classification in the same organizational unit.

F. Employees in career status shall be given at least 14 calendar days written notice of layoff. Notice shall be served according to the provisions of 1.7.1.10 NMAC.

[1.7.10.9 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.9, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.10.10 RETURN FROM REDUCTION IN FORCE:**

A. Former employees who were in career status at the time of separation by a reduction in force shall have reemployment rights within the classified service, for a six-month period, under the following provisions:

(1) Former employees shall be returned to work in order of highest service date as determined by Subsection D of 1.7.10.9 NMAC to any position to be filled within the agency from which the employee was laid off. The position must contain the same or lower midpoint as that held at the time of the former employee's separation, provided the former employee has made application for said position and meets the established requirements;

(2) Reemployment to positions and agencies, other than the agency from which the former employee was laid off, shall extend when any position is to be filled. The position must contain the same or lower midpoint as that held at the time of the former employee's separation, provided the former employee has made application for said position and meets the established requirements. If, when an agency intends to fill a position, there is more than one eligible former employee with rights to return to work under this rule, the agency shall select the former employee who is best qualified in the agency's opinion;

(3) Offers of employment shall be made in writing and shall be delivered by a method that provides proof of service or attempted service;

(4) A former employee who is offered and accepts employment after layoff shall occupy the position within 14 calendar days of accepting the offer of employment or forfeit the right to employment; and

(5) Any former employee who refuses an offer of employment or fails to respond to an offer of employment within 14 calendar days shall be removed from the employment list for the position offered.

B. Former employees returned to work according to the provisions of Subsection A of 1.7.10.10 NMAC shall have that period of time they were laid off counted as time in the classified service, shall hold the status of the position in accordance with 1.7.2.9 NMAC, 1.7.2.10 NMAC or 1.7.2.11 NMAC and do not have to serve a new probationary period if reemployed into career status.

[1.7.10.10 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.10, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.11 REEMPLOYMENT AFTER MILITARY SERVICE:** Any employee who separates from the classified service to enter the United States armed forces, national guard, or an organized reserve unit may be reemployed in accordance with the provisions of 38 U.S.C. Section 2021 and Sections 28-15-1 to 28-15-3 NMSA 1978.

[1.7.10.11 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.11, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.12 EARLY RETURN-TO-WORK/MODIFIED DUTY ASSIGNMENTS:**

**A.** Agencies shall implement a policy to enable employees who have been unable to work because of a compensable injury or illness under the workers' compensation act to return to work in a modified duty assignment for up to 6 months and may be extended for a period of up to 6 additional months if substantial progress in the recovery of an injured or ill employee has been demonstrated and it has been anticipated the injured or ill employee will be able to return to full duty within the time frame of the considered extension.

**B.** The agency shall make a good faith effort to identify and offer modified duty/return to work opportunities to injured or ill employees in accordance with the provisions of Section 52-1-25.1 and Section 52-3-49.1 NMSA 1978. At the agency's discretion the employee may be assigned to his or her current classification with modified duties or to a temporary assignment comprised of a combination of duties from a variety of positions.

**C.** Employees on modified duty assignment to a temporary position shall maintain their salary and status for the duration of such temporary assignment.

[1.7.10.12 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.12, 5/20/2025]

**1.7.10.13 SEPARATION WITHOUT PREJUDICE:**

**A.** Employees who have suffered an injury or illness which is compensable under the workers' compensation act and are physically or mentally unable to perform the essential functions of their pre-injury/pre-illness position, with or without reasonable accommodation, shall be separated from the service without prejudice provided:

- (1) the employee has been afforded modified duty in accordance with 1.7.10.12 NMAC;
- (2) the employee has reached maximum medical improvement prior to the completion of up to 12 months of modified duty; or, the employee has not reached maximum medical improvement upon the expiration of up to 12 months of modified duty;
- (3) all efforts to accommodate the medical restrictions of the employee have been made and documented; and
- (4) the employing agency has made reasonable efforts to find other suitable vacant positions within the agency at the same or lower midpoint than the midpoint of the pre-injury/pre-illness position for which:
  - (a) the employee meets the established requirements and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation, or
  - (b) the agency certifies that the employee holds qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation.

**B.** Employees who have suffered an illness or injury that is not compensable under the workers' compensation act and are unable to perform the essential functions of their pre-injury/pre-illness position, with or without reasonable accommodation, as a result of the physical or mental disability created by the non job-related injury or illness shall be separated from the service without prejudice provided:

- (1) all efforts to reasonably accommodate the medical restrictions of the employee have been made and documented; and
- (2) the employing agency has made reasonable efforts to find other suitable vacant positions within the agency at the same or lower midpoint than the midpoint of the pre-injury/pre-illness position for which:
  - (a) the employee meets the established requirements and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation; or
  - (b) the agency certifies that the employee holds qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation.

**C.** Agencies may provide modified duty to employees for a period of up to 4 months during the separation process if required to meet the provisions of this rule.

**D.** Notice of contemplated separation without prejudice:

- (1) to initiate the separation without prejudice of an employee who has completed the probationary period, the agency shall serve a notice of contemplated separation without prejudice on the employee which: describes the circumstances which form the basis for the contemplated separation without prejudice; gives a general explanation of the evidence the agency has; advises the employee of his or her right to inspect and obtain copies of any documentary evidence relied upon; specifies what the contemplated action is; and states that the employee has 11 calendar days from service of the notice to respond in writing to the notice or to request an opportunity for an oral response;

(2) when the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice is served by certified mail or courier, the employee receiving service shall have 3 additional calendar days in which to file a response;

(3) at the time the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice is served on the employee, the agency shall notify the SPO director and the risk management division of the general services department of the proposed separation without prejudice and submit a copy of the separation notice along with documentation to support efforts to provide modified duty and to support efforts to find other suitable vacant positions.

E. Response to notice of contemplated separation without prejudice:

(1) a representative of the employee's choosing may respond in writing to the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice on behalf of the employee;

(2) if there is a request for an oral response to the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice, the agency shall meet with the employee within 11 calendar days of a request for an oral response, unless the employee and the agency agree in writing to an extension of time; a representative of the employee's choosing may represent the employee;

(3) the purpose of the oral response is not to provide an evidentiary hearing but is an opportunity for the employee to present his or her side of the story; it is an initial check against mistaken decisions, essentially a determination of whether there are reasonable grounds to support the proposed involuntary separation without prejudice.

F. Notice of final separation without prejudice:

(1) if the employee does not respond to the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice the agency shall issue a notice of final separation within 11 calendar days following the response period;

(2) if the employee has filed a written response or has been provided an opportunity for oral response, the agency shall issue a notice of final separation without prejudice no later than 11 calendar days from the date of receipt of the response;

(3) the notice of final separation without prejudice shall:

(a) specify the action to be taken;

(b) describe the circumstances which form the basis for the separation without prejudice, which may not include allegations not included in the notice of contemplated separation without prejudice;

(c) give a general explanation of the evidence the agency has;

(d) specify when the final separation without prejudice will be effective, which must be at least 24 hours from the time of service of the notice of final separation without prejudice;

(e) inform the employee that the final separation without prejudice may be appealed to the board with a written statement of the grounds for the appeal delivered to the state personnel office in Santa Fe, New Mexico, and received by the SPO director within 30 calendar days of the effective date of the separation without prejudice; and

(f) the adjudication process is outlined in 1.7.12 NMAC.

[1.7.10.13 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.13, 5/20/2025]

#### **1.7.10.14 REEMPLOYMENT OF JOB-RELATED INJURED OR ILL FORMER EMPLOYEES:**

A. A former employee who has separated from the service due to job-related injury or illness and who has received or is due to receive benefits under the Workers' Compensation Act shall have reemployment rights in accordance with the provisions of Section 52-1-50.1 NMSA 1978 and Section 52-3-49 NMSA 1978, under the following provisions:

(1) Reemployment rights under 1.7.10.14 NMAC are extended only by the agency employing the former employee at the time of the job-related injury or illness and are provided only for positions which contain the same or lower midpoint as that held at the time of separation.

(2) To initiate reemployment rights under this rule, the former employee must notify the agency in writing, with a copy to the office, of their desire to be reemployed. The notification shall include the positions and locations which the former employee is willing to accept, and an appropriate application for employment.

(3) The agency must receive certification in writing from the treating health care provider that the former employee is fit to carry out the essential functions of the position with or without reasonable accommodation without significant risk of re-injury or relapse to illness.

(4) When the agency is to fill a vacant position which is a position and location indicated by the former employee, the agency shall offer the job to the former employee provided:

(a) the employee meets the established requirements and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation, or

(b) the agency certifies that the employee holds qualifications and abilities necessary for successful job performance and can perform the essential functions of the job, either with or without reasonable accommodation.

(5) Former employees reemployed in accordance with the provisions of Subsection A of 1.7.10.14 NMAC will hold the status of the position in accordance with 1.7.2.9 NMAC, 1.7.2.10 NMAC or 1.7.2.11 NMAC and do not have to serve a probationary period if they were in career status at the time of separation.

**B.** The risk management division of the general services department and the office shall be notified immediately of any injured or ill former employee who applies for a position and subsequently declines a job offer. [1.7.10.14 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.10.14, 5/20/2025]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.10 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 14, Separation and Demotions, filed 08-31-87;  
SPB-16, Furlough and Reduction in Force, filed 04-04-90;  
SPB 14, Furlough, RIF, Reemployment, filed 12-15-92;  
SPB 14, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 03-18-94.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1.7.10, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 06-13-97.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.13, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 01-12-96 replaced SPB 14, filed 03-18-94;  
1 NMAC 7.13, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 05-02-96;  
1 NMAC 7.13, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 05-02-96 replaced by 1.7.10, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 06-13-97;  
1.7.10, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 06-13-97 replaced by 1.7.10 NMAC, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, effective 07/07/2001.  
1.7.10, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, filed 06-25-2001 replaced by 1.7.10 NMAC, Furlough, Reduction in Force, Reemployment, effective 5/20/2025.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 11          DISCIPLINE**

**1.7.11.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.11.1 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.1 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.11.2 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.2 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** Subsection H of Section 10-9-13, Subsection A of Section 10-9-18, Section 10-9-22, NMSA 1978; and Sections 28-2-1 to 28-2-6 NMSA 1978; Chapter 173, laws of 1997.  
[1.7.11.3 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.3 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.11.4 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.4 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 14, 2025, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.11.5 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.5 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 11 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a mechanism by which management can implement constructive, progressive steps towards solving performance or behavior problems.  
[1.7.11.6 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.6 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.7           DEFINITIONS: [RESERVED]**

**1.7.11.8           DISCIPLINE:**

**A.**       The primary purpose of discipline is to correct performance or behavior that is below acceptable standards, or contrary to the employer's legitimate interests, in a constructive manner that promotes employee responsibility.

**B.**       Progressive discipline shall be used whenever appropriate. Progressive discipline can range from a reminder to an oral or written reprimand, to a suspension, demotion or dismissal. There are instances when a disciplinary action, including dismissal, is appropriate without first having imposed a less severe form of discipline.

**C.**       Agencies shall utilize alternative methods to resolve conflicts or improve employee performance or behavior whenever appropriate.

[1.7.11.8 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.8 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.9           NOTICES AND COMPUTATION OF TIME:**

**A.**       Notices prescribed by 1.7.11 NMAC shall be served in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.1.10 NMAC.

**B.**       The computation of time prescribed or allowed by 1.7.11 NMAC shall be in accordance with the provisions of 1.7.1.11 NMAC.

[1.7.11.9 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.9 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.10          JUST CAUSE:**

**A.**       An employee who has completed the probationary period required by Subsection A of 1.7.2.8 NMAC may be suspended, demoted, or dismissed only for just cause which is any behavior relating to the employee's work that is inconsistent with the employee's obligation to the agency.

**B.**       Just cause includes, but is not limited to: inefficiency; incompetency; misconduct; negligence; insubordination; performance which continues to be unsatisfactory after the employee has been given a reasonable opportunity to correct it; absence without leave; any reasons prescribed in 1.7.8 NMAC; failure to comply with any provisions of these rules; falsifying official records and/or documents such as employment applications, or conviction of a felony or misdemeanor when the provisions of the Criminal Offender Employment Act, Sections 28-2-1 to 28-2-6 NMSA 1978, apply.

[1.7.11.10 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.10 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.11 PROBATIONERS AND EMPLOYEES IN EMERGENCY OR TEMPORARY STATUS:**

Probationers and employees in emergency or temporary status may be suspended, demoted, or dismissed effective immediately with written notice and without right of appeal to the board. The written notice shall advise the employee of the conduct, actions, or omissions which resulted in the suspension, demotion, or dismissal.

[1.7.11.11 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.11 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.12 ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE PENDING DISCIPLINARY ACTION:** Agencies may authorize paid administrative leave for a period up to 160 consecutive work hours during a disciplinary action proceeding or investigation. Paid administrative leave in excess of 160 consecutive work hours must be approved by the State Personnel Office (SPO) director.

[1.7.11.12 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.12 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

**1.7.11.13 EMPLOYEES IN CAREER STATUS:**

**A. Notice of contemplated action:**

(1) To initiate the suspension, demotion, or dismissal of an employee in career status and an employee in term status who has completed the probationary period, the agency shall serve a notice of contemplated action on the employee which: describes the conduct, actions, or omissions which form the basis for the contemplated disciplinary action; gives a general explanation of the evidence the agency has; advises the employee of his or her right to inspect and obtain copies of any documentary evidence relied upon; specifies what the contemplated action is; and states that the employee has eleven calendar days from service of the notice to respond in writing to the notice or to request an opportunity for an oral response.

(2) When the notice of contemplated action is served by certified mail or courier, the employee shall have three additional calendar days from service of notice in which to file a response.

**B. Response to notice of contemplated action:**

(1) A representative of the employee's choosing may respond in writing to the notice of contemplated action on behalf of the employee.

(2) If there is a request for an oral response to the notice of contemplated action, the agency shall meet with the employee within 11 calendar days from the date of receipt of the request, unless the employee and the agency agree in writing to an extension of time. A representative of the employee's choosing may represent the employee.

(3) The purpose of the oral response is not to provide an evidentiary hearing but is an opportunity for the employee to present his or her side of the story. It is an initial check against mistaken decisions, essentially a determination of whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that the charges against the employee are true and support the proposed action.

**C. Notice of final action:**

(1) If the employee does not respond to the notice of contemplated action, the agency shall issue a notice of final action within 11 calendar days following the response period.

(2) If the employee has filed a written response or has been provided an opportunity for oral response, the agency shall issue a notice of final action no later than 11 calendar days from the date of receipt of the response.

(3) The notice of final action shall:

(a) specify the final action to be taken, which may be upholding the contemplated action, a lesser form of discipline than contemplated, or no disciplinary action;

(b) describe the conduct, actions, or omissions which form the basis for the disciplinary action, which may not include allegations not included in the notice of contemplated action;

(c) give a general explanation of the evidence the agency has;

(d) specify when the disciplinary action will be effective, which must be at least 24 hours from the time of service of the notice of final action; and

(e) inform the employee of his or her appeal rights.

(4) Appeal rights:

(a) an employee, not covered by a collective bargaining agreement, may appeal a final disciplinary action to the board by delivering a written statement of the grounds for appeal to the SPO director at 2600 Cerrillos Road, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 no later than 30 calendar days from the effective date of the final disciplinary action; the employee must submit a copy of the notice of final disciplinary action with the notice of appeal;

(b) an employee who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement may either appeal the final disciplinary action to the board as stated above in Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 1.7.11.13 NMAC or make an irrevocable election to appeal to an arbitrator pursuant to the collective bargaining agreement.

[1.7.11.13 NMAC - Rp, 1.7.11.13 NMAC, 1/14/2025]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.11 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 5/22/1980;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 9/1/1981;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 7/22/1982;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 10/21/1982;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 3/4/1986;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 3/14/1986;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 10/17/1986;  
SPB Rule 14, Separations and Demotions, filed 8/31/1987;  
SPB-18, Disciplinary Actions, filed 4/4/1990;  
SPB-18, Disciplinary Actions, filed 10/19/1990;  
SPB-18, Disciplinary Actions, filed 12/24/1991;  
SPB 17, Discipline, filed 12/15/1992;  
SPB 17, Discipline, filed 3/18/1994.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.11, Discipline, filed 6/13/1997.

1.7.11 NMAC, Discipline, filed 6/14/2001, replaced by 1.7.11 NMAC, Discipline, effective 1/14/2025.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.16, Discipline, filed 1/12/1996 replaced SPB 17, filed 3/18/1994;

1 NMAC 7.16, Discipline, filed 5/2/1996;

1 NMAC 7.11, Discipline, filed 6/13/1997 replaced 1 NMAC 7.16, filed 5/2/1996;

1 NMAC 7.11, Discipline, filed 6/13/1997 replaced by 1.7.11 NMAC, Discipline, effective 7/7/2001.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 12          ADJUDICATION**

**1.7.12.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.12.1 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.1, 07/07/01]

**1.7.12.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.12.2 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.2, 07/07/01]

**1.7.12.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-10(B), NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-13(E),(H), NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-18, NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-20, NMSA 1978, Section 10-15-1(H) and NMSA 1978, Section 52-5-2(B),(C).  
[1.7.12.3 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.3, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.12.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.12.4 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.4, 07/07/01]

**1.7.12.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** 07/07/01 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.12.5 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.5, 07/07/01]

**1.7.12.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 12 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a system for career status employees to appeal disciplinary actions to the personnel board and to provide a process for the personnel board to hear complaints against workers' compensation judges.  
[1.7.12.6 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.6, 07/07/01]

**1.7.12.7           DEFINITIONS:** For purposes of *1.7.12.24 NMAC*.

**A.** "Complaint" means a sworn statement of the alleged facts underlying the claim that a judge has violated one or more of the canons of the code of judicial conduct as adopted by the supreme court, except canon 21-900 of that code; and;

**B.** "Judge" means a workers' compensation judge appointed in accordance with the provisions of *NMSA 1978, Section 52-5-2(B)*.

[1.7.12.7 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.7, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02]

**1.7.12.8           FILING AN APPEAL:**

**A.** Employees who have completed the probationary period as required by *Subsection A of 1.7.2.8 NMAC* and have been demoted, dismissed, or suspended have the right to appeal to the board for a public hearing before a hearing officer designated by the board.

**B.** A notice of appeal must be in writing and filed with the director no later than 30 calendar days from the effective date of the dismissal, demotion, or suspension. A copy of the notice of final action and a statement of the grounds for the appeal must accompany the notice of appeal. Appeals not filed within 30 calendar days shall be dismissed by the hearing officer for lack of jurisdiction.

**C.** Within fifteen days from the date of dismissal, an appellant may request a hearing in which to present evidence challenging a dismissal for lack of jurisdiction. If a hearing on the dismissal is held, the hearing officer shall submit a recommended decision to the board which shall contain a summary of the evidence and findings of fact and conclusions of law. The board, at a regularly scheduled meeting, shall then issue a final decision.

**D.** Upon acceptance of a notice of appeal, the hearing officer shall send the agency a copy of the notice of appeal and issue a scheduling order directing the parties, in part, to submit to the hearing officer a stipulated pre-hearing order for his/her approval, which shall contain at least: a statement of any contested facts and issues; proposed stipulation of those facts not in dispute; the relief or remedy requested by the appellant; a deadline for disclosure of all probable witnesses with a brief summary of their anticipated testimony and documentary evidence; a list of exhibits; a deadline for the completion of discovery and filing of motions; a deadline for requesting subpoenas; and whether the parties agree to participate in voluntary alternative dispute resolution.

**(1)** The hearing officer may further revise the pre-hearing order.

(2) Any discussion concerning possible settlement of an appeal shall not be a part of the pre-hearing order and may not be introduced at the hearing.  
[1.7.12.8 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.8, 07/07/01; A, 7-15-05; A, 5/15/07]

**1.7.12.9 AGENCY WITHDRAWAL OF DISCIPLINE:**

**A.** An agency may withdraw a completed disciplinary action prior to commencement of a personnel board appeals hearing so long as the appellant is fully restored to pre-disciplinary status insofar as employment, back pay and benefits are concerned.

**B.** Upon agency withdrawal of a disciplinary action, the hearing officer may dismiss the appeal without prejudice to the agency, which may reinstate disciplinary action.

[1.7.12.9 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.9, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.9 NMAC - N, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.10 HEARING OFFICER:**

**A.** The hearing officer shall not participate in any adjudicatory proceeding if, for any reason, the hearing officer cannot afford a fair and impartial hearing to either party. Either party may ask to disqualify the designated hearing officer for cause by filing an affidavit of disqualification within 14 calendar days of the order. The affidavit must state the particular grounds for disqualification. The designated hearing officer shall rule on motions for disqualification and an appeal of the ruling may be made to the board within 14 calendar days of the hearing officer's ruling.

**B.** If an appeal is filed by an employee of the office, or if for any other reason a designated hearing officer within the office cannot or does not hear an appeal, the personnel board may designate a qualified state employee to hear the appeal. The personnel board may also decline to designate a qualified state employee to hear the appeal and instead, designate a member or members of the personnel board to serve as hearing officer and prepare a recommended decision. The personnel board member or members hearing the appeal, if less than a quorum, shall not take part in discussion or deliberation which leads to a final decision by a quorum of the personnel board.

**C.** No person shall communicate concerning the merits of any pending adjudicatory proceeding with the designated hearing officer or member of the board unless both parties or their representatives are present.

**D.** The hearing officer may dismiss an appeal with prejudice in accordance with the provisions of a settlement agreement approved by the hearing officer or upon the filing of a motion to withdraw the appeal at any time.

**E.** The hearing officer may dismiss an appeal with prejudice upon the filing of a motion to withdraw the appeal after the deadline for the completion of discovery upon such terms and conditions as the hearing officer deems proper.

[1.7.12.10 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.10, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.10 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.9 NMAC, 7-15-05; A, 10-15-08]

**1.7.12.11 CONSOLIDATION AND JOINDER:**

**A.** The hearing officer may consolidate cases in which two or more appellants have cases containing identical or similar issues.

**B.** The hearing officer may join the appeals of an appellant who has two or more appeals pending.

**C.** The hearing officer may consolidate or join cases if it would expedite final resolution of the cases and would not adversely affect the interests of the parties.

[1.7.12.11 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.11, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.11 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.10 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.12 DISCOVERY:** The hearing officer has the power to compel, by subpoena or order, the production of written materials or other evidence the hearing officer may deem relevant or material. The parties shall have a right to discovery limited to depositions, interrogatories, requests for production, and requests for admission and witness interviews. All discovery shall be subject to the control of the hearing officer.

[1.7.12.12 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.12, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.12 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.11 NMAC & A, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.13 MOTIONS:**

**A.** Any defense, objection, or request that can be determined on the merits prior to a hearing may be raised by motion before the deadline set by the hearing officer unless good cause is shown for the delay.

**B.** Prior to filing the motion, the filing party shall determine whether the non-filing party concurs with the motion. If the non-filing party concurs, the filing party shall include a stipulated order with the motion. If

the non-filing party does not concur, the filing party shall indicate the non-concurrence in the motion and include a proposed order.

**C.** A response to a motion is due twelve (12) calendar days from the date of filing of the motion. A reply to a response is due seven (7) days from the date of filing the response. The response and reply schedule may also be set or modified by the hearing officer.

**D.** Responses to any motions shall be filed according to a schedule set by the hearing officer.

**E.** During the course of a hearing, motions may be renewed or made for the first time, if such a motion then becomes appropriate.

**F.** The hearing officer shall rule on all motions except for dispositive motions on the merits.  
[1.7.12.13 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.13, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.13 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.12 NMAC & A, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.14 ADDITIONAL WITNESSES:** Witnesses who are not disclosed by the deadline contained in the pre-hearing order shall not be permitted to testify except for good cause shown and to prevent manifest injustice.  
[1.7.12.14 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.14, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.14 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.13 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.15 SUBPOENAS:**

**A.** The hearing officer has the power to subpoena witnesses.

**B.** The hearing officer has the power to subpoena documents or other tangible items.

**C.** Subpoenas shall be prepared in triplicate by the party requesting the subpoena and will be issued by the hearing officer. A copy of each subpoena shall be sent to the opposing party by the requesting party, together with a transmittal letter listing all persons subpoenaed.

**D.** Subpoenas shall be hand delivered unless otherwise agreed to.

**E.** In order to compel attendance at a hearing, the subpoena shall be received by the witness at least 72 hours prior to the time the witness is to appear. The hearing officer may waive this rule for good cause shown.

**F.** Employees under subpoena shall be granted administrative leave as required by the provisions of *Subsection D of 1.7.7.14 NMAC*.

[1.7.12.15 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.15, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.15 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.14 NMAC & A, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.16 SANCTIONS:**

**A.** The hearing officer may impose sanctions upon the parties as necessary to serve the cause of justice including, but not limited to the instances set forth below.

(1) When a party fails to comply with an order, including an order for taking a deposition, the production of evidence within the party's control, a request for admission, and/or production of witnesses, the hearing officer may:

(a) draw an inference in favor of the requesting party with regard to the information sought;

(b) prohibit the party failing to comply with such order from introducing evidence concerning, or otherwise relying upon testimony relating to the information sought;

(c) permit the requesting party to introduce secondary evidence concerning the information sought; or

(d) strike any part of the pleadings or other submissions of the party failing to comply with such request.

(2) The hearing officer may refuse to consider any motion or other action which is not filed in a timely fashion.

**B.** The hearing officer may issue an order to show cause why an appeal should not be dismissed for failure to prosecute, or rule either for the appellant or the appellee, so long as the merits of the case are not concerned. If the order is uncontested, the hearing officer may dismiss the appeal or rule for the appellant. If the order is contested and the hearing officer dismisses the appeal or rules for the appellant, such decision is appealable to the board within 14 calendar days of the order.

**C.** The board may prohibit a representative from appearing before the board or one of its hearing officers for a period of time set by the board for good cause shown.

[1.7.12.16 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.16, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.16 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.15 NMAC & A, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.17 NOTICE OF HEARING:** Notice of hearing shall be made by certified mail with return receipt requested at least 14 calendar days prior to the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by the parties and the hearing officer.

[1.7.12.17 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.17, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02; 1.7.12.17 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.16 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.18 HEARINGS:**

- A. The hearing shall be open to the public unless the parties agree that it shall be closed.
  - B. A party may appear through a representative at any and all times during the adjudication process, provided such representative has filed a written entry of appearance.
  - C. The hearing officer may clear the room of witnesses not under examination, if either party so requests, and of any person who is disruptive. The agency is entitled to have a person, in addition to its representative, in the hearing room during the course of the hearing, even if the person will testify in the hearing.
  - D. The agency shall present its evidence first.
  - E. Oral evidence shall be taken only under oath or affirmation.
  - F. Each party shall have the right to:
    - (1) make opening and closing statements;
    - (2) call and examine witnesses and introduce exhibits;
    - (3) cross-examine witnesses;
    - (4) impeach any witness;
    - (5) rebut any relevant evidence; and
    - (6) introduce evidence relevant to the choice of discipline if it was raised as an issue in the pre-hearing order.
  - G. The hearing shall be conducted in an orderly and informal manner without strict adherence to the rules of evidence that govern proceedings in the courts of the state of New Mexico. However, in order to support the board's decisions, there must be a residuum of legally competent evidence to support a verdict in a court of law.
  - H. The hearing officer shall admit all evidence, including affidavits, if it is the sort of evidence upon which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs. The hearing officer shall exclude immaterial, irrelevant, or unduly cumulative testimony.
  - I. If scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge will assist the hearing officer to understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue, a witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training or education, may testify thereto in the form of an opinion or otherwise. In the case of evidence relating to polygraph examinations, the proponent must have followed all the provisions of rule *11-707 NMRA*.
  - J. The hearing officer may take administrative notice of those matters in which courts of this state may take judicial notice.
  - K. The rules of privilege shall be effective to the extent that they are required to be recognized in civil actions in the district courts of the state of New Mexico.
  - L. The hearing officer shall admit evidence relevant only to those allegations against the appellant included in both the notice of contemplated action and the notice of final action or which are contested issues as set forth in the pre-hearing order.
  - M. The hearing shall be recorded by a video and/or audio-recording device under the supervision of the hearing officer. No other recording of the hearing, by whatever means, shall be permitted without the approval of the hearing officer.
  - N. The board shall provide for and require that the hearing officer:
    - (1) appoint a signed language interpreter pursuant to the Signed Language Interpreting Practices Act [*NMSA 1978, Section 61-34-1 to 61-34-17*] to appellants whose hearing is so impaired that they cannot understand voice communication; appellant must provide proof of disability; and
    - (2) appoint a language interpreter pursuant to the Court Interpreter Act [*NMSA 1978, Section 38-10-1 to 38-10-8*] for hearing participants who do not understand English well enough to understand the proceedings.
- [1.7.12.18 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.18, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.18 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.17 NMAC, 7-15-05; A, 5/15/07; A, 12/1/10]

**1.7.12.19 POST-HEARING BRIEFS:** The hearing officer may require or permit written closing arguments, post-hearing briefs and proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law according to a scheduling order issued by the hearing officer. If case law is cited, a copy of the case shall be provided to the hearing officer.

[1.7.12.19 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.19, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.19 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.18 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.20 RECOMMENDED DECISION:** The hearing officer shall recommend a decision to the board as soon as practicable upon conclusion of the hearing. The hearing officer shall provide a copy of the recommended decision to the parties by certified mail with return receipt requested.

[1.7.12.20 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.20, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.20 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.19 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.21 EXCEPTIONS TO RECOMMENDED DECISION:**

**A.** The parties to a proceeding may file exceptions with supporting briefs to a hearing officer's recommended decision according to a scheduling order issued by the hearing officer.

**B.** Copies of such exceptions and any briefs shall be served simultaneously on all parties, and a statement of such service shall be furnished to the board's hearing officer.

**C.** Exceptions to a hearing officer's recommended decision shall cite the precise substantive or procedural issue to which exceptions are taken.

**D.** Any exception not specifically made shall be considered waived. Any exception that fails to comply with the foregoing requirements may be disregarded. Any brief in support of exceptions shall not contain matters not related to or within the scope of the exceptions.

[1.7.12.21 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.21, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.21 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.20 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.22 DECISIONS OF THE BOARD:**

**A.** As a general rule, the board shall only consider post-hearing briefs, and proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, the hearing officer's recommended decision, and exceptions to the recommended decision. Where circumstances warrant, the board may review all or a portion of the record before the hearing officer.

**B.** The board shall not consider any additional evidence or affidavits not in the record before the hearing officer or pleadings not filed in accordance with the hearing officer's scheduling order.

**C.** The board may consider the record in executive session. Should the board have questions of the hearing officer, the questions shall be put to the hearing officer in open session.

**D.** Unless otherwise ordered by the board in advance of its consideration of the appeal, the board shall not permit any oral arguments.

**E.** If the board determines that the credibility of a witness is at issue, it shall review at least as much of the record as is necessary to support its decision.

[1.7.12.22 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.22, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.22 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.21 NMAC, 7-15-05]

**1.7.12.23 REINSTATEMENT:**

**A.** The board may order agencies to reinstate appellants with back pay and benefits. Such appellants shall be reinstated to their former position, or to a position of like status and pay, that they occupied at the time of the disciplinary actions.

**B.** In the event the board's order includes any back pay, the appellant shall provide the agency with a sworn statement of gross earnings, unemployment compensation, and any other earnings, including but not limited to disability benefits received by the appellant since the effective date of the disciplinary action. The agency shall be entitled to offset earnings, unemployment compensation and any other earnings received during the period covered by the back pay award against the back pay due. The hearing officer shall retain jurisdiction of the case for the purpose of resolving any disputes regarding back pay.

[1.7.12.23 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.23, 07/07/01; 1.7.12.23 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.22 NMAC, 7/15/05; A, 10/15/08; A, 12/1/10]

**1.7.12.24 REPORT OF DECISIONS:** When the board renders a final decision in an appeal, the board's decision including the hearing officer's recommended decision will be available to the public pursuant to the Inspection of Public Records Act, NMSA 1978, Section 14-2-1 (as amended through 2003). Copies of the board's final order and the hearing officer's recommended decision shall be stored at the state personnel office, separate from case files, and will be available to the public when provided to the parties. The director will redact any privileged and confidential information pursuant to state and federal law.

[1.7.12.24 NMAC - Rp, 1 NMAC 7.12.24, 07/07/01; A, 11/14/02; 1.7.12.24 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.23 NMAC, 7-15-05; A, 5/15/07]

**1.7.12.25 WORKERS' COMPENSATION JUDGES:**

**A.** The board's duly appointed hearing officer shall hear all complaints filed in accordance with the provisions of *NMSA 1978, Section 52-5-2(C)*.

**B.** Whenever some action is required to be taken within a certain number of calendar days, the hearing officer may extend the time for a reasonable period.

**C.** Upon receipt of a complaint, the hearing officer shall serve a copy of the complaint on the judge by certified mail.

**D.** Within 14 calendar days after service of a complaint, the judge shall file an answer with the hearing officer. The facts alleged in the complaint may be deemed admitted if not specifically denied by answer or if no answer is filed within the prescribed time.

**E.** Upon the filing of an answer or upon the expiration of the time for its filing, the hearing officer shall issue an order directing the parties to submit a stipulated pre-hearing order for the hearing officer's approval and signature, which shall contain at least: a statement of any contested facts and issues; stipulation of those matters not in dispute; the identity of all witnesses to be called and a brief summary of their testimony; a list of exhibits; and requests for subpoenas.

**F.** The hearing officer has the power to subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, and require the production of any books, records, documents or other evidence the hearing officer may deem relevant or material.

**G.** The Hearing:

(1) The hearing officer shall receive evidence admissible under the rules of evidence, that govern proceedings in the courts of the state of New Mexico and oral evidence shall be taken only under oath or affirmation.

(2) The hearing officer shall make procedural rulings.

(3) The formal hearing shall be open unless the hearing officer, for compelling reasons, determines otherwise. Reasons for closing the hearing shall be stated in the record.

(4) A judge shall have the right and reasonable opportunity to defend against the charges by the introduction of evidence, to be represented by counsel and to examine and cross-examine witnesses.

(5) The hearing shall be recorded by a sound recording device under the supervision of the hearing officer.

**H.** The hearing officer may require post-hearing briefs and proposed findings.

**I.** The hearing officer shall, within a reasonable time, prepare and submit to the parties a report which shall contain a brief statement of the proceedings and the answer thereto, if any; a summary of the evidence; and findings with respect to the allegations.

**J.** Within 14 calendar days of receipt of the hearing officer's report, the parties may file objections to the hearing officer's report, setting forth all objections to the report and all reasons in opposition to the findings.

**K.** The board shall consider the report of the hearing officer and the record made before the hearing officer and in connection therewith make its findings as to whether there was a violation of the code of judicial conduct and transmit its findings to the director of the workers' compensation administration.

[1.7.12.25 NMAC - Rn, 1.7.12.24 NMAC, 7-15-05]

## **HISTORY OF 1.7.12 NMAC:**

### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 15, Appeals and Hearings, filed 05-22-80;

SPB Rule 15, Appeals and Hearings, filed 10-21-82;

SPB Rule-19, Hearings, filed 04-04-90;

SPB Rule-19, Hearings, filed 12-24-91;

SPB 18, Adjudication, filed 12-15-92;

SPB 18, Adjudication, filed 12-29-94;

SPB 18, Adjudication, filed 11-17-95.

### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.12, Adjudication, filed 06-13-97.

### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.17, Adjudication, filed 01-12-96 replaced SPB 18, filed 11-17-95;

1 NMAC 7.17, Adjudication, filed 05-02-96;

1 NMAC 7.12, Adjudication, filed 06-13-97 replaced 1 NMAC 7.17, filed 05-02-96;

1 NMAC 7.12, Adjudication, filed 06-13-97 replaced by 1.7.11 NMAC, Discipline, effective 07/07/01.

**TITLE 1           GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**CHAPTER 7       STATE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION**  
**PART 13          RULE MAKING**

**1.7.13.1           ISSUING AGENCY:** State Personnel Board.  
[1.7.13.1 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.1, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.2           SCOPE:** All state agencies in the classified service.  
[1.7.13.2 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.2, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.3           STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-10(A) (Repl. Pamp. 1995), NMSA 1978, Section 10-9-13 (Repl. Pamp. 1995), NMSA 1978, Section 10-15-1 (Repl. Pamp. 1995) and NMSA 1978, Section 14-4-7.1 (Repl. Pamp. 1995).  
[1.7.13.3 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.3, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.4           DURATION:** Permanent.  
[1.7.13.4 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.4, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.5           EFFECTIVE DATE:** 07/07/01 unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.  
[1.7.13.5 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.5, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.6           OBJECTIVE:** The objective of Part 13 of Chapter 7 is: to provide a process for adoption, amendment, or repeal of a State Personnel Board Rule.  
[1.7.13.6 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.6, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.7           DEFINITIONS:** [RESERVED]  
[1.7.13.7 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.7, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.8           NOTICE AND COMMENT:**

A.       The Director shall provide an opportunity for agencies and interested parties to comment on proposed rule changes at least 30 calendar days prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of any Rule.

B.       At least 30 calendar days prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any Rule, the Director shall publish notice of the proposed action.

(1)      The notice shall be published in the *New Mexico Register*.

(2)      The notice shall be mailed to broadcast stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission and newspapers of general circulation that have provided a written request for such notice.

(3)      The notice shall be mailed to the last known address of persons and organizations who have made a written and timely request to the Office.

(4)      The notice shall state where a copy of the proposed Rule may be obtained.

C.       The giving of the notice shall be considered complete upon mailing.

D.       One copy of the full text of any proposed Rule shall be made available without cost to any person or organization who requests a copy.

[1.7.13.8 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.8, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.9           HEARING:** The Board shall hold a public hearing on the proposed action. Interested persons or duly authorized representatives shall have the opportunity to submit written statements or make oral presentations.  
[1.7.13.9 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.9, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.10          EFFECTIVE DATE:** The Board shall determine the effective date of Rules, which shall be filed with the Records Center.  
[1.7.13.10 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.10, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.11          EMERGENCY RULES:** The Board may adopt, amend, or suspend a Rule as an emergency, without compliance with *1.7.13.8 NMAC* and *1.7.13.9 NMAC*, if the Board determines that it is in the public interest. An action to adopt, amend, or suspend a Rule pursuant to this Rule shall not be effective for longer than 120 calendar days.

[1.7.13.11 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.11, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.12 PUBLICATION OF RULES:** Rules, including emergency Rules, adopted, amended, or repealed by the Board shall be published in the *New Mexico Register*.

[1.7.13.12 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.12, 07/07/01]

**1.7.13.13 DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS:** The Board may authorize demonstration projects which may require the temporary suspension of the Rules when the Office and the agency(ies) agree to utilize such a project to improve operations.

[1.7.13.13 NMAC – Rp, 1 NMAC 7.13.13, 07/07/01]

#### **HISTORY OF 1.7.13 NMAC:**

##### **Pre-NMAC History:**

Material in this part was derived from that previously filed with the commission of public records - state records center and archives as:

SPB Rule 20, Modification and Revisions, filed 05-22-80;

SPB Rule 20, Modification and Revisions, filed 10-21-82;

SPB Rule 20, Modification and Revisions, filed 10-17-86;

SPB-22, Rule-making, filed 04-04-90;

SPB 19, Rule Making, filed 12-15-92.

##### **History of Repealed Material:**

1 NMAC 7.13, Rule Making, filed 06-13-97.

##### **Other History:**

1 NMAC 7.18, Rule Making, filed 01-12-96 replaced SPB 19, filed 12-15-92;

1 NMAC 7.18, Rule Making, filed 05-02-96;

1 NMAC 7.18, Rule Making, filed 05-02-96 replaced by 1 NMAC 7.13, Rule Making, filed 06-13-97;

1 NMAC 7.13, Rule Making, filed 06-13-97 replaced by 1.7.13 NMAC, Rule Making, effective 07/07/01.